2012

WISCONSIN

Deer Hunting Regulations



Wildlife and Sport Fish Restoration 1937 - 2012

www.wsfr75.com

Kailee Kofal harvested this impressive 11 point buck while bow hunting on October 27, 2011. The buck passed Kailee's stand once while out of range, but eventually came in range while following a doe. After making an excellent shot, the buck was recovered within 60 yards. Congratulations Kailee on your successful hunt!



WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

PUB-WM-431 2012

This pamphlet gives you a summary of Wisconsin's important deer hunting laws and how they affect you; it is not a complete set of all the hunting related laws.

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Firewood Rule: Firewood brought onto state managed lands must not come from more than 25 miles away. Details can be found by phone at 1-877-303-WOOD (9663) or online at *dnr.wi.gov*, Keyword: 'firewood'.

A message to Wisconsin's deer hunters:

My job as Secretary has opened the door to so many incredible experiences, but none like last year when I was introduced to deer hunting! I was new to deer hunting, but thanks to some great mentors I now proudly consider myself hooked. I'm happy to say that I did get a deer, but even more importantly last year's gun deer season immersed me in the entire deer hunting experience, from being in deer camp with great friends, to registering and processing my deer, telling my hunting story to all who would listen, and ultimately basking in the satisfaction of cooking and serving the world's finest venison to my family. It's an experience that I will never forget, and now I can't wait for the 2012 season.

Thanks to some exciting new licensing and mentoring opportunities, many of you may be new to deer hunting this year. I encourage you to fully immerse yourself in every aspect of the hunt. I'm sure that your hunting mentor, whoever it may be, will get just as great a thrill from your experience as you will. We are doing all we can to provide great outdoor opportunities to first-time hunters just like you, and I hope you have a hunting experience that has you hooked for life.

Many more of you are old veterans of the hunt. If you've been at this game for several years you've no doubt seen a lot of changes. Old hunting spots turn into neighborhoods; changes in habitat; growing numbers of people enjoying the fall outdoors; and wildlife diseases that have threatened our deer hunting are just a few of the challenges that have impacted Wisconsin's deer, deer hunting, and deer hunters. Despite the challenges, the hunting traditions run strong in Wisconsin, and continues to rank among the country's best deer hunting spots in both numbers and trophy potential.

All of the elements that make deer hunting such a great challenge can also make managing the herd challenging for department staff. Not only do our biologists rely on the data that you provide when you register a deer, but we also rely a great deal on what you tell us about your own deer hunting experiences. This year during the quota and season setting process, we made an unprecedented effort to get input from hunters. Through dozens of local meetings as well as mail-in and on-line surveys, we collected your input and used it to the best of our ability. We heard loud and clear that hunters want to see more deer, and we are accommodating that wish in many units in the north where there is room for the herd to grow. Many farmland units will see great deer hunting opportunities, and again we have set permit levels based on public input. I want to personally thank those of you who took the time to learn more and get involved in Wisconsin's deer management program. And if you haven't been involved, we have many ways to get active ranging from simply providing your viewpoints to actually getting out in the field and helping with deer research and data collection. Get involved, and I promise that you will enjoy our deer resource not just during the hunt, but throughout the entire year.

I hope you are as excited as I am about the upcoming deer seasons. Those of us who work for the deer resource do it all for you, and we also can't do it without you. Thank you for being an active participant in our great deer hunting tradition.

Have a great fall!

Cathy Stepp Secretary Wisconsin DNR

What's New in 2012

- Most hunters are not allowed to hunt antlerless deer in 6 regular buck-only deer
 management units. Archery and gun antlerless deer carcass tags are not valid in units
 7, 29B, 34, 35, 36, and 39. No bonus antlerless tags will be available in these units. See
 pages 13-15 and 17 for exceptions for Armed Forces members, youth ages 10-17, and
 certain disabled-hunting permit holders.
- In the CWD-MZ, more than one antlered buck may be taken under 'bonus' buck opportunities. To harvest an additional buck(s), the hunter must possess a Buck Authorization Sticker obtained after harvesting and registering an antlerless deer, or the buck must be accompanied by an unregistered antlerless deer tagged by the same hunter until both deer are registered together. The harvest of an antlerless deer is NOT required before harvesting a buck using a Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag or Archery Buck Deer Carcass Tag.
- Gun Deer and Muzzleloader seasons have been established at Copper Falls State Park.
- During any gun deer season, hunters can use a firearm, bow and arrow, or crossbow
 as their weapon of choice while hunting under the authority of their gun deer license
 and gun deer carcass tags. During the 10-day muzzleloader season, a hunter can use a
 muzzleloading firearm, bow and arrow, or a crossbow as their weapon of choice while
 hunting under the authority of their gun deer license and gun deer carcass tag. See page
 16 for more information.
- An archery license still only allows hunting with a bow and arrow, except that a person age 65 or older and certain qualified disabled hunters may use a crossbow to fill their archery deer carcass tags. See page 16 for more information.
- Archery deer season will be open concurrently with the 9-day November firearm deer season statewide. See pages 7-9 and 11 for season dates.
- Deer killed in the CWD-MZ must be registered by 5 P.M. on the 3rd day after kill or 5 P.M. on the day after the season closes, whichever occurs first.
- Rifles are now allowed for deer hunting in Waupaca County, including during the 2-day youth gun deer hunt.
- Target shooting is no longer allowed on DNR-managed lands in Manitowoc County.
- Reduced hunting fees are in place for hunters purchasing certain types (i.e., small game, wild turkey, or deer) of hunting licenses for the first time, or the first time in 10 years. See page 12 for more information.
- Effective January 1, 2013, there will be additional opportunities for hunting and trapping in most state parks. Contact the state parks for more information.
- Holders of a Class D hunting permit, issued to those with certain upper extremity disabilities, are able to participate in the Gun Deer Hunt for Hunters with Disabilities.
- The 4-day October antlerless-only hunt will not be held in 2012.
- Starting in 2012, the coyote season will not close in the northern portion of Wisconsin during the gun deer season.

Widlife Violator Compact

The State of Wisconsin is a participating member of the **Wildlife Violator Compact.** The Wildlife Violator Compact is an agreement between participating states that prohibits a person whose hunting, fishing, or trapping privileges are suspended in one state from obtaining licenses, permits, or participating in those activities in another state. The participating states include: AL, AK, AZ, CA, CO, FL, GA, IA, ID, IL, IN, KS, KY, LA, MD, MI, MN, MO, MS, MT, ND, NM, NV, NY, OH, OK, OR, PA, SC, SD, TN, TX, UT, VA, WA, WI, WV, and WY. *Additional states may have joined the compact since the printing of this pamphlet.* Please visit *dnr.wi.gov*, keywords: Wildlife Violator Compact, for more information

Definitions

Antlerless deer: Any deer without antlers or any deer with both antlers less than 3 inches in length.

Bonus Buck: A buck which is lawfully killed in the CWD Management Zone (CWD-MZ) and tagged with a free CWD deer carcass tag and not with a person's one Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag or a person's one Archery Buck Deer Carcass Tag. Bonus bucks may only be harvested after either:

- registering an antlerless deer in a CWD-MZ unit and receiving a Buck Authorization Sticker to be used to validate a CWD Deer Carcass Tag for a buck, OR
- harvesting and tagging an antlerless deer in the CWD-MZ prior to harvesting and tagging a buck. The buck must be tagged by the same hunter who tagged the antlerless deer. The two tagged deer must be transported and registered together.

Buck deer: A deer with at least one antler which is 3 inches or longer in length.

Ground blind: A blind that is located on the ground or used to conceal a hunter hunting from the ground. Ground blinds do not include elevated blinds or other elevated devices such as tree stands where both the blind and the hunter are in a tree or elevated device above the ground.

Vehicle: Any device, motorized or not, in, upon, or by which any person or property is or may be transported or towed upon a highway or other roadway.

Unit Breakdown 2012

See map on page 28 to determine unit-type designations.

- 60 Regular Units: The buck deer carcass tag issued with your deer license is valid for
 a buck in these units. Antlerless tags are available in 54 regular units at a cost of \$12
 for residents or \$20 for non-residents, and are sold over the counter on a first come,
 first served basis until sold out. See page 17.
- 52 Herd Control Units: The buck deer carcass tag and free antlerless deer carcass tag that are issued with each deer license are valid in these units. Additional antlerless tags are available for \$2.00. See page 17.
- 22 CWD Management Zone Units: In the CWD-MZ, hunters are allowed to kill one buck with their Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag and one buck with their Archery Buck Deer Carcass Tag. All bucks tagged with a tag other than the buck carcass tag that was issued with your license must follow Bonus Buck rules. Bonus Buck rules apply during all archery and gun deer seasons except the December 4-day antlerless-only hunt when only antlerless deer may be harvested, the 2-day October youth gun deer hunt, and during the 4-day October antlerless-only hunt if there is an October hunt in 2012. Any of the carcass tags described on pages 16-17 are valid in these units. See these pages for further instructions.

Finding Land Open to Hunting

The DNR website provides detailed information about public and public-access lands in your area. Go to *dnr.wi.gov*, keyword: hunting, and look for the 'Where to Hunt' link in the 'Your Season' section of the page.

Voluntary Public Access (VPA) provides financial incentives to private landowners who open their property to public hunting, fishing, trapping, and wildlife observation. For information on open properties or enrolling visit *dnr.wi.gov*, Keyword: 'VPA', or contact the VPA program coordinator at 608-266-5560.

Deer Marked for Research Purposes

Beginning in 2010, the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources made its most significant investment in Wisconsin deer research. Federal Wildlife Restoration Act funds are being used to conduct a number of research projects to improve our deer population knowledge, including buck mortality and fawn recruitment studies. The University of Wisconsin–Madison, University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point, Wisconsin Conservation Congress, Whitetails Unlimited, Safari Club International, AFL-CIO, Union Sportsmen's Alliance, and numerous Wisconsin citizens are key partners in these research efforts. We will be looking for help from additional partners to increase our capacity for gathering valuable information through these multi-year research studies.

The buck mortality and fawn recruitment studies will provide information on the magnitude and relative importance of various causes of buck mortality (hunting, predation, vehicle collisions, weather, etc.), and causes of mortality and rates of loss of fawns (including the roles of predation, habitat, and weather) across northern (Sawyer, Price, and Rusk counties) and east-central (Shawano, Waupaca, and Outagamie counties) Wisconsin.

Importantly, researchers have captured and marked numerous deer throughout these areas. The department would like to make clear that if hunters encounter any of these animals while hunting this fall, **they are legal to harvest**. External markings on deer include mortality-sensing radio collars and metal ear tags. The department asks hunters to treat these deer as they would any other deer, and to make the decision about whether or not to harvest them as if they were not marked. The department has provided contact information on all radio collars and ear tags and asks that hunters report harvest information of all marked animals by contacting DNR Research Scientist Mike Watt at (608) 221-6376. Obtaining harvest information on all study animals is critical and the department thanks everyone for their assistance with collecting and reporting this important information. Please feel free to contact Karl Martin at (608) 224-7138 if you have additional questions about our deer research program. Thank you, and good luck hunting!

Hunters' Code of Ethics

1. Respect Landowners

- Always know where you are hunting and gain permission before entering private lands. Know how to use a map, compass, or GPS unit when needed.
- Be courteous, follow the landowner's rules and treat their property with respect.

2. Respect other Hunters

 Don't interfere or disrupt the hunt of another. Treat other hunters in a manner that you would expect to be treated.

3. Respect Non-Hunters

Understand that not everyone supports hunting. While everyone is entitled to
their own view, positive hunting behavior will not turn someone who is neutral
toward hunting into someone who is opposed to it.

4. Respect Wildlife and other Natural Resources

• Follow all hunting laws and report observed violations to your local warden.

Deer Hunting Seasons: Regular Units

Deer populations are at or near goal in these units. Harvesting zero or a limited number of antlerless deer maintains a DMU's population near established goals.

Regular units include the following (see map on pages 28-29): 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 23A, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29A, 29B, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 49A, 49B, 50, 52, 52A, 53, 55, 56, 57A, 57D, 58, 59A, 59E, 65A, and 78. See pages 42-45 for information on state park unit (23A, 52A, 57D, and 59E) seasons.

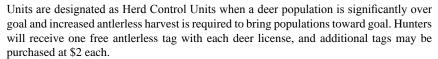
Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags are not valid in buck-only units: 7, 29B, 34, 35, 36, and 39.

2012 Gun Deer Seasons–Regular Units*				
Season	Harvest Limits			
October 6-7	Youth Gun Deer Hunt (see page 39): One buck per unused Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag. Antlerless deer may also be harvested and tagged with an Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag valid for use with a firearm in that DMU.			
November 17-25	One buck deer per unused Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag and one antlerless deer per unused Unit-Specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag.			
December 6-9	Antlerless deer-only hunt: One antlerless deer per unused Unit-Specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag. The antlerless deer-only restriction also applies in buck-only during this hunt (see pages 13 and 15 for exceptions for Armed Forces members and disabled hunters).			
2012 Archery Deer Seasons-I				
Season	Harvest Limits			
September 15-November 15 & November 17-January 6, 2013	One buck per unused Archery Buck Carcass Tag, EXCEPT December 6–9. One antlerless deer per unused valid** Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag and one antlerless deer per unused Unit-Specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag.			
Antlerless deer-only hunt: One antlerless deer p unused valid** Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag and one antlerless deer per unused Unit-Spec Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag. The antlerless deer- restriction also applies in buck-only units during hunt. See page 15 for disabled hunter exemption.				
2012 Muzzleloader Deer Seasons-Regular Units*				
Season	Harvest Limits			
November 26-December 5	One buck deer per unused Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag and one antlerless deer per unused Unit-Specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag.			
	Timeriess Beer cureuss rug.			

^{*} See page 16 for authorized weapons during this season.

^{**} Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags are not valid in units: 7, 29B, 34, 35, 36, and 39.

Deer Hunting Seasons: Herd Control Units



Herd Control Units include (see map on pages 28-29): **1M**, **22A**, **33**, **46**, **47**, **51A**, **51B**, **54A**, **54B**, **54C**, **57**, **57B**, **57C**, **59B**, **59C**, **59D**, **59M**, **60A**, **60B**, **60M**, **61**, **61A**, **62A**, **62B**, **63A**, **63B**, **64**, **64A**, **64M**, **65B**, **66**, **67A**, **67B**, **68A**, **68B**, **69**, **69C**, **72**, **72A**, **73A**, **73B**, **73D**, **74A**, **74B**, **77C**, **77D**, **77E**, **77M**, **80A**, **80B**, **80C**, and **81**. See page 9 for season dates in Metro Units 1M, 59M, 60M, 64M, and 77M. See pages 42-45 for information on state park unit (61A, 64A, 69C, 72A, 73A, 77D, 77E, and 80C) seasons.

2012 Gun Deer Seasons-Hero	l Control Units*
Season	Harvest Limits
	Youth Gun Deer Hunt (see page 39): One buck per
	unused Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag. Antlerless deer
October 6-7	may also be harvested and tagged with an Antlerless
	Deer Carcass Tag valid for use with a firearm in that
	DMU.
	One buck deer per unused Gun Buck Deer Carcass
November 17-25	Tag and one antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer
	Carcass Tag which specifies being valid statewide or in
	Herd Control units.
	Antlerless deer-only hunt: One antlerless deer per
December 6-9	unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag which specifies
	being valid statewide or in Herd Control units.
2012 Archery Deer Seasons-I	Herd Control Units*
Season	Harvest Limits
	One buck per unused Archery Buck Carcass Tag
	EXCEPT December 6-9. One antlerless deer per
	unused Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag and one
November 17-January 6, 2013	antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass
	Tag which specifies being valid statewide or in Herd
	Control units.
	Antlerless deer-only hunt: One antlerless deer per
	unused Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag and one
December 6-9	antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass
	Tag which specifies being valid statewide or in Herd
	Control units.
2012 Muzzleloader Deer Seas	
Season	Harvest Limits
November 26-December 5	One buck deer per unused Gun Buck Deer Carcass
	Tag and one antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer
	Carcass Tag which specifies being valid statewide or in
	Herd Control units.

^{*} See page 16 for authorized weapons during this season.

Metro Herd Control Units

Units 1M, 59M, 60M, 64M, and 77M are **Metropolitan** (**Metro**) **Herd Control Units**. These metro units have longer seasons due to higher deer populations in and around urban areas. **Note:** Only shotguns, muzzleloaders, and handguns are allowed in units 59M, 60M, 64M, and 77M, whereas rifles, shotguns, muzzleloaders, and handguns are allowed in unit 1M during firearm seasons. **However, it is important to check with local government officials to determine if there are local ordinances prohibiting firearm use.**

2012 Gun Deer Seasons-Met	ro Herd Control Units*		
Season	Harvest Limits		
	Youth Gun Deer Hunt (see page 39): One buck per		
	unused Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag. Antlerless deer		
October 6-7	may also be harvested and tagged with an Antlerless		
	Deer Carcass Tag valid for use with a firearm in that DMU.		
	One buck deer per unused Gun Buck Deer Carcass		
November 17-December 5	Tag and one antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer		
November 17-December 3	Carcass Tag which specifies being valid statewide or in		
	Herd Control units.		
	Antlerless deer-only hunt: One Antlerless Deer per		
December 6-9	unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag which specifies		
	being valid statewide or in Herd Control units.		
2012 Archery Deer Seasons-I	Metro Herd Control Units*		
Season	Harvest Limits		
	One buck per unused Archery Buck Deer Carcass		
	Tag, EXCEPT December 6-9. One antlerless deer per		
September 15-November 15 &	unused Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag and one		
November 17-January 31, 2013	antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass		
	Tag which specifies being valid statewide or in Herd		
	Control units.		
December 6-9	Antlerless deer-only hunt: One antlerless deer per		
	unused Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag and one		
	antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass		
	Tag which specifies being valid statewide or in Herd		
	Control units.		

^{*} See page 16 for authorized weapons during this season.

Hunting Accidents

Any person involved in an incident in which a person is injured by a projectile fired from a firearm or an arrow fired from a bow or crossbow while hunting or trapping must first render necessary assistance and then immediately report the incident to the local warden, sheriff, or police. In addition, every person involved in a hunting accident must render a written report to the DNR within 10 days.

Deer Hunting Seasons: Chronic Wasting Disease Units



All non-state park units within the CWD Management Zone (CWD-MZ) have Bonus Buck regulations (see definition on page 5) except during the Youth Gun Hunt when a youth may harvest only one buck and during the December antlerless-only deer season when Buck Authorization Stickers may be earned but only antlerless deer may be harvested.

IMPORTANT NOTICE: 'Bonus Buck' rules apply to all bucks harvested in the CWD-MZ except those tagged with a person's **ONE** Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag or **ONE** Archery Buck Deer Carcass Tag. After harvesting a bonus buck, the hunter must use a carcass tag with a Buck Authorization Sticker attached to it to tag the buck OR an unregistered, antlerless deer tagged by the same hunter must accompany the tagged buck until both are registered together.

CWD units include the following (see maps on pages 28-29): 54B-CWD, 70-CWD, 70A-CWD, 70B-CWD, 70C-CWD, 70D-CWD, 70E-CWD, 70F-CWD, 70G-CWD, 71-CWD, 73B-CWD, 73E-CWD, 75A-CWD, 75B-CWD, 75C-CWD, 75D-CWD, 76-CWD, 76A-CWD, 76M-CWD, 77A-CWD, 77B-CWD, and 77C-CWD. See page 46 for information on season dates within CWD-MZ state park units (70C-CWD, 70D-CWD, 70F-CWD, and 75B-CWD).

Why should people care about CWD?

CWD is an issue for the entire state

- Based on current knowledge, including information on disease progression from western states where CWD has been present for a longer time, CWD may pose a significant threat to the long-term welfare of Wisconsin's deer herd.
- A healthy deer herd is critical for the preservation of hunting traditions. Wisconsin has nearly 700,000 deer hunters who have harvested an average of 440,000 deer annually during the past decade.
- For a summary of CWD information please visit our website at dnr.wi.gov, keyword: 'CWD'.

Special Information About the October Antlerless-Only Deer Hunt in CWD Units

At the time of publication, a final decision to hold a 4-day, antlerless-only hunt in the CWD Management Zone had not been made. An announcement to media outlets will be made once the final decision is known. Updates will also be available on the DNR website at dnr.wi.gov or by calling 1-888-936-7463 between 7 A.M. and 10 P.M. If this season is held, the dates will be October 11-14.

UPDATE: The 4-day October antlerless-only hunt will not be held in 2012.

2012 Gun Deer Sea	sons-CWD Units*			
Season	Harvest Limits			
October 6-7	Youth Gun Deer Hunt (see page 39): One buck per unused Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag. Antlerless deer may also be harvested and tagged with an Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag valid for use with a firearm in that DMU.			
See box on page 10	Antlerless deer-only hunt: One antlerless deer per unused Antlerless or Cwd Deer Carcass Tag.			
November 17-25 & December 24- January 6, 2013	One buck deer per unused Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag (without Bonus Buck). Also, one buck deer per unused Antlerless or CWD Deer Carcass Tag provided a valid Buck Authorization Sticker is affixed to the back OR an unregistered antlerless deer tagged by the same hunter accompanies the buck deer until both are registered. Also, one antlerless deer per additional unused Antlerless or CWD Deer Carcass Tag.			
D	Antlerless deer-only hunt: One antlerless deer per unused deer			
December 6-9	carcass tag.			
2012 Archery Deer Season—CWD Units*				
Season	Harvest Limits			
September 15- January 6, 2013	One buck deer per unused Archery Buck Deer Carcass Tag (without Bonus Buck). Also, one buck deer per unused Antlerless or CWD Deer Carcass Tag provided a valid Buck Authorization Sticker is affixed to the back OR an unregistered antlerless deer tagged by the same hunter accompanies the buck deer until both are registered, EXCEPT the December 6-9 antlerless-only season (see below). Also, one antlerless deer per unused Antlerless or CWD Deer Carcass Tag.			
December 6-9	Antlerless deer-only hunt: One antlerless deer per unused Antlerless or CWD Deer Carcass Tag.			
2012 Muzzleloader	Deer Season—CWD Units*			
Season	Harvest Limits			
November 26- December 5	One buck deer per unused Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag (without Bonus Buck). Also, one buck deer per unused Antlerless or CWD Deer Carcass Tag provided a valid Buck Authorization Sticker is affixed to the back OR an unregistered antlerless deer tagged by the same hunter accompanies the buck deer until both are registered. Also, one antlerless deer per unused Antlerless or CWD Deer Carcass Tag.			

^{*} See page 16 for authorized weapons during this season.

Check your deer's CWD test results Check the CWD result of your deer by searching for 'CWD results' on the DNR's website, dnr.wi.gov

License and Privilege Information

License	Resident	Non- Resident
Conservation Patron	\$165	\$600*
Conservation Patron Junior (12–17 year-olds)	\$75	\$77*
Conservation Patron and Conservation Patron Junior		
Privileges include small game, spring and fall turkey		
licenses and stamp, pheasant stamp, deer firearm,		
archery, general fishing, trapping (proof of certification or		
exemption required), state fishing and waterfowl stamps,		
and most permit fees. DNR Magazine subscription		
and vehicle admission to state parks and related		
areas (including State Trail Pass) are included in the		
Conservation Patron license, but not in the Conservation		
Patron Junior license.		
Sports	\$60	\$275*
Sports Junior (12–17 year-olds)		\$36*
Sports and Sports Junior Privileges include general fishing,		
small game, and firearm deer.		
Gun Deer	\$24	\$160
Archery	\$24	\$160*
Junior Gun Deer (12–17 year-olds)	\$20	_
Junior Archery (12–17 year-olds)	\$20	_
Privileges include small game and archery deer.	\$20	
Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag: One free with license		
Additional Herd Control Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag	\$2	\$2
Unit-Specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag	\$12	\$20

^{*} Does not include hunting or trapping furbearing animals.

Reduced Rates For Qualifying Hunters

Qualifying hunters can purchase certain hunting licenses and permits at reduced rates. Visit the DNR website, *dnr.wi.gov*, or contact the DNR Call Center (1-888 WDNRINFo [1-888-9367463]) for more information. Reduced rates are available to:

- youth ages 10 and 11;
- hunters purchasing certain licenses for the first time;
- hunters who have not purchased certain licenses in the preceding 10 years; or
- hunters who recruit three first-time hunters, trappers, or anglers.

Licensing Requirements

- Your backtag must be displayed where it can be clearly seen in the center of the back
 of your outermost garment. Note: The backtag number must not be hidden by a coat
 hood, displayed upside down, or be marked up in any manner.
- A Gun Deer License is required to hunt deer with a firearm (including a muzzleloader), and also allows hunting with a bow and arrow or crossbow, but only during a firearm deer season
- An Archery License only allows hunting deer with a bow and arrow (or crossbow by qualified individuals as described on page 22 under 'Bows, Arrows, and Crossbows'), and only during an archery deer season.

- It is illegal to allow someone else to use or carry your license, carcass tag, or Buck Authorization Sticker, or for you to use or carry another person's license, carcass tag, or Buck Authorization Sticker while engaged in hunting.
- No person younger than 10 years old may obtain a license which authorizes hunting; anyone born on or after January 1, 1973 who has not completed Hunter Education and youth age 10 or 11 may only hunt with a mentor. See page 14 for details.
- To receive a duplicate license you must turn in all remaining parts of the lost license to a license vendor (available from any license sales agent).

Resident and non-resident customers can purchase their hunting licenses and submit their permit applications via the DNR website at *dnr.wi.gov*. Licenses will be delivered by mail within 7 to 10 days. Licenses are also available at authorized license agents, DNR Service Centers, or over the phone at 1-877-WI-LICENSE (1-877-945-4236).

Effective Dates

 All hunting licenses are effective immediately after purchase and with the opening of the specific seasons. Gun and archery deer licenses may be purchased before and during any open deer season. All licenses from the 2012 license year expire on March 31, 2013

Resident Licenses

Wisconsin residency

• A person must have maintained a permanent residence in Wisconsin for 30 consecutive days immediately before purchasing a license. Domiciliary intent is required. Evidence of domiciliary intent includes where the person votes, pays personal state income taxes, or obtains a driver's license. Mere presence in the state for a 30-day period and/or ownership of property is not sufficient to establish residency. Non-residents age 10–17 who have a parent that is a Wisconsin resident may purchase licenses at resident prices.

Non-resident students attending school in Wisconsin

 Full-time non-resident students in residence at any public or private Wisconsin college, technical college, or university offering a degree OR foreign citizens residing in the state and attending a Wisconsin high school or a university agricultural short course may purchase gun deer, archery, small game, fishing, and sports licenses at resident prices.

Armed Forces Members

Armed Forces members are entitled to the following:

- Exemption from Hunter Education requirements (see page 14).
- A U.S. Armed Forces member who exhibits proof that he or she is a Wisconsin resident, or was a resident when he/she entered active service, may use a firearm and his or her one Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag to harvest one deer of either sex from any Deer Management Unit (including CWD Units) during any firearm season (not including the 2-day youth deer hunt), including any antlerless-only gun deer hunts established by the department, if he or she is:
 - 1. in active service outside of Wisconsin with the U.S. Armed Forces or forces incorporated in the U.S. Armed Forces, and
 - 2. is on furlough or leave.

Those who meet the above criteria may also purchase one bonus antlerless deer carcass tag for a unit with a quota, even if the unit is sold out.

- People meeting the following criteria may purchase any hunting, trapping, or fishing license
 at the resident price:
 - 1. Any non-resident active duty U.S. Armed Forces member or member of forces

incorporated in the U.S. Armed Forces who is stationed in Wisconsin or was a resident when he/she entered active service.

- 2. A member of a Reserve unit located in Wisconsin, or a unit located outside of Wisconsin if the person was a Wisconsin resident when they entered active service.
- 3. A non-resident member of the Wisconsin National Guard.

Armed Forces members are not exempt from the need to purchase a valid deer hunting license.

Hunter Education Requirements

Persons born on or after January 1, 1973 must present their Wisconsin Hunter Education certificate (or proof of a hunter safety course recognized by the department from another state, province, or country), a Wisconsin hunting license from a previous year, or proof of successful completion of basic training in the U.S. Armed Forces, Reserves, or National Guard to purchase any hunting license. A certificate of successful completion of a Bow Hunter Education course can be used to purchase an Archery License. If a person has not completed hunter education, they may only obtain a license that requires hunting with a mentor in compliance with the Hunting Mentorship Program rules (below). Contact the DNR Call Center (see page 54) for course information or visit our web site at *dnr.wi.gov*.

First-time Hunter Education Graduate Privilege

All residents 10 years and older who graduate from a *Wisconsin Hunter Education course* for the first time are entitled to the following:

- Certificates issued after January 1, 2012 will serve as your Small Game License
 and are valid for hunting small game until March 31, 2013. You must carry your
 Hunter Education Certificate with you while hunting if it is acting as your small
 game hunting authorization.
- Exemption from the requirement to purchase the Pheasant and state Waterfowl Stamps while the certificate is valid for small game hunting.

Note: The above does not exempt a person from the requirement to purchase goose permits, a Federal Waterfowl Stamp (if age 16 or over), or from becoming HIP registered.

Hunting Mentorship Program

This program allows a person to obtain a hunting license and hunt without the need to first take hunter education, **provided the hunter and the mentor comply with the following:**

Rules that apply to the hunter. The hunter must:

- be at least 10 years old;
- possess the appropriate hunting license, permits, stamps, and tags;
- hunt within arm's reach of a mentor regardless of the age of the hunter; and
- comply with all other hunting laws, seasons, and bag limits.

Rules that apply to the mentor. The mentor must:

- be at least 18 years old;
- be a hunter education graduate unless born before January 1, 1973 or have completed basic training with the Armed Forces;
- be the hunter's parent or guardian, or have the permission of the hunter's parent/guardian before acting as a mentor for a person under 18;
- possess a current year's Wisconsin hunting license (type of hunting license does not matter, unless the mentor will also be attempting to harvest game).
 Note: Certain exemptions apply if mentoring on a licensed bird or deer hunting preserve or on land the mentor owns or occupies. Contact DNR for details; and
- only serve as a mentor for ONE hunter at a time if the hunter is either of the following:
 - age 10 or 11; or
 - born on or after January 1, 1973 and has not yet taken Hunter Education.

Only **ONE** firearm, bow, or crossbow (if eligible to use a crossbow) can be **possessed jointly** between the hunter and the mentor if the hunter is either age 10 or 11, or was born on or after January 1, 1973 and has not yet taken and passed hunter education. A concealed weapon, legally possessed by a permit holder, is counted toward the one weapon limit. **Note:** 10 and 11 year-olds may only hunt under these mentorship rules, even if they have already completed hunter education.

Adult Supervision Required

A parent or guardian who is at least 18 years of age must accompany hunters who are ages 12 and 13. *Accompanied* means within sight *and* voice contact without the aid of any mechanical or electronic amplifying device other than a hearing aid. Persons under the age of 12 may not hunt unless participating in a DNR Learn to Hunt event or the Hunting Mentorship Program. Persons under age 18 may not possess firearms for non-hunting purposes unless accompanied by an adult, except that persons age 14-17 who have completed Hunter Education can possess legal shotguns and rifles without being accompanied by an adult.

Disabled Hunters

A qualified disabled person may obtain a permit to hunt from a stationary vehicle and/or use a crossbow instead of bow and arrow under the authority of an Archery License. Class A and C disabled hunters are authorized to harvest one deer of either sex with their one regular Gun Buck Deer Carcass tag during any gun deer season except for the 2-day youth gun deer hunt **except** disabled hunters age 10-15 may hunt during the youth gun deer hunt. This means that a hunter with a Class A or Class C Disabled Permit may:

- A. Fill their one regular Gun Buck Deer Carcass tag with:
 - 1. an antlerless deer during any gun deer season (except for the 2-day youth hunt), or
 - 2. a buck during the December 4-day antlerless-only deer hunts.
- B. Fill their one archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag with an antlerless deer in any unit statewide, including those 6 regular DMUs with a zero antlerless deer quota (i.e., buck-only). See page 17 for details on zero-quota units.

Deer Tagging Instructions

- 1 You must validate the appropriate deer carcass tag by slitting the appropriate date and time immediately upon killing and before field dressing or moving the deer.
 - Note: An antlerless deer is any deer that does not have an antler of 3 or more inches in length. A buck deer is any deer with at least one antler 3 inches or longer.
- 2. Insert a string or similar fastener through the small hole in the middle of the tag (a tab covers the hole) and attach it to the deer's ear or antler. You will need to provide your own string or similar fastener to attach the carcass tag to your deer.
- 3. After the deer has been tagged, it must be registered at an appropriate registration station. Please see the section below on registration.
- 4. The carcass and registration tags must remain attached to the deer until butchering. The person who killed, tagged, or obtained the deer shall retain all tags until the meat is consumed.

Deer Registration

Deer must be kept intact, except for field dressing, skinning, and quartering* prior to registration. The lower legs up to the tarsus joint ("ankle or hock") on the hind legs and up to the carpus joint ("wrist or knee") on the front legs, may also be removed. If the skin

or legs are removed prior to registration they must be kept with the carcass until after the deer is registered. All parts of the deer, except the entrails, must be removed from the field and exhibited at the time of registration.

* Hunters may divide a deer into as many as five pieces (provided the head remains attached to one of the 5 parts of the carcass) prior to registration to facilitate removal of the carcass from the field. The hide and lower legs, if removed, do not count as one of the five parts. Prior to registration, only one deer that has been quartered may be stored or transported at a time, but quartered deer can be transported with other intact deer.

In addition to the tagging requirements, *all deer must be registered* at a DNR Deer Registration Station. Registration forms are available at deer registration stations.

Non-CWD Unit Deer Registration

- Deadline: All deer killed by firearm hunters (including during the muzzleloader deer season) must be registered no later than 5:00 P.M. on the day after the close of the season in which the deer was killed. All deer killed by archery hunters must be registered no later than 5:00 P.M. on the 3rd day after the deer was killed or by 5:00 P.M. on the day after the season closes, whichever occurs first.
- Location: All deer killed must be registered in the unit of kill or in an adjoining unit.

CWD Unit Deer Registration

- Deadline: All deer killed must be registered no later than 5:00 P.M. on the 3rd day after harvest, or by 5:00 P.M. on the day after the close of the season, which ever is earlier.
- Location: All deer killed in the CWD Management Zone must be registered within
 the unit of kill or an adjacent unit of kill within the CWD Management Zone.

Collection of samples at time of registration

Any part of any deer may be collected or sampled by the department for disease testing purposes. If requested, you must allow the department to collect a sample for disease testing. Special arrangements can be made at the time of registration for deer that will be prepared as a taxidermy mount. Failure to provide or allow a sample to be collected may result in a fine.

Allowable Weapons for Hunting Deer

Gun Deer Seasons with **Gun Deer License** and backtag: Firearms as authorized on page 20, and crossbows and bow and arrow as authorized on page 22.

Archery Deer Season with **Archery License** and backtag: Bow and arrow only **except** crossbows may be used by persons age 65 or older, and persons with a valid Disabled Hunting Permit which authorizes use of a crossbow.

Muzzleloader Deer Season with **Gun Deer License** and backtag: Muzzleloaders as described on page 20, and crossbows and bow and arrows as authorized on page 22.

Carcass Tags

While hunting, no person may possess a validated carcass tag (of any kind) unless it is attached to a legally harvested deer. It is illegal to possess, move, or transport an untagged deer. The proper carcass tag must be immediately validated and attached to the harvested deer.

Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag

This tag is valid in any Deer Management Unit (DMU) statewide during the appropriate gun deer season (not valid Dec. 6-9 statewide) for harvesting a buck with a firearm or lesser weapon (including muzzleloaders, bow and arrow, or crossbow) (see pages 13 and 15 for military and disabled hunter exceptions). **In CWD units, this tag can be used to**

tag a buck without a Buck Authorization Sticker or the need to first tag an antlerless deer. Additional bucks (i.e., 'bonus bucks') harvested in CWD units must be tagged with an unused deer carcass tag that has a valid Buck Authorization Sticker affixed to the back OR must be accompanied by an unregistered antlerless deer tagged by the same hunter until both deer are registered.

Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags

Unit-Specific—Unit specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags are only valid for tagging one antlerless deer in the unit specified on the tag. This tag is not weapon-specific. Unit-specific antlerless tags for regular units* are \$12.00 for residents and \$20.00 for non-residents (\$5 for youth ages 10 and 11) and can be purchased at any DNR license vendor, online at dnr.wi.gov, or by phone. Quantities will be limited. For all regular DMUs, these tags will be sold starting at 10 A.M. on Saturday, August 18.

* 6 regular DMUs will not have unit-specific antlerless tags available in 2012. These units are: 7, 29B, 34, 35, 36, and 39.

Herd Control—This carcass tag is only valid for tagging one antlerless deer in Herd Control and CWD units, and is **not valid** for regular units or non-quota areas (see map on pages 28-29). This tag is **not** weapon-specific. One tag is issued free with each gun deer license to persons age 18 or older and with each archery license to each person age 10 or older (individuals age 18 or older will receive two of these free antlerless tags if they purchase both the Archery and Gun Deer License or a Conservation Patron License). Additional tags are available for \$2.00 each at any authorized license agent, online at dnr.wi.gov, or by phone.

Youth Under Age 18 – Youth ages 10-17 will be issued a statewide Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag with their gun deer license. This tag is valid for tagging one antlerless deer in any DMU statewide, including regular or buck-only units, during any open deer season with the appropriate gun or archery license and weapon authorized by that license.

Archery Buck Deer Carcass Tag

This tag is valid for one buck deer harvested with a bow and arrow in any unit statewide during an open archery season (not valid statewide December 6-9). A crossbow may only be used to fill this tag by a person age 65 or older or by a person with a Disabled Hunting Permit that allows them to use a crossbow with the archery license and tags. In CWD units, this tag can be used to tag a buck without a Buck Authorization Sticker or the need to first tag an antlerless deer. Additional bucks harvested in CWD units must be tagged with an unused deer carcass tag with a valid Buck Authorization Sticker affixed to the back OR must be accompanied by an unregistered antlerless deer tagged by the same hunter until both deer are registered. This tag is weapon-specific and may not be filled with a deer killed with a firearm.

Archery Antlerless Carcass Tag

This carcass tag is valid for one antlerless deer harvested with a **bow and arrow** during an open archery season statewide **except** it is not valid in the following units: 7, 29B, 34, 35, 36, and 39 (see page 15 for disabled hunter exception). A crossbow may only be used to fill this tag by a person age 65 or older, or by a person who holds a valid Disabled Hunting Permit that allows them to use a crossbow with the archery license and tags. One of these tags is issued with each Archery Deer License or Patron License.

2012-13 and 2013-14 CWD Deer Carcass Tag

This carcass tag is valid only in CWD units during an open CWD deer season and can be used to tag a deer of either sex. To be valid for a buck, a valid Buck Authorization Sticker issued to the same hunter must be attached to the back of the CWD Deer Carcass Tag unless a legally-harvested unregistered antlerless deer, tagged by the same hunter, accompanies the buck deer until both are registered. This tag is **not** weapon-specific. Hunters can obtain these tags free of charge (limit 4 per hunter per day) at deer registration stations and participating license vendors located in the CWD Management Zone, as well as at DNR Service Centers.

Tip: Hunters planning on hunting outside of the CWD-MZ should save the buck carcass tag issued with their license for use during those hunts, and should use the free 2012-13 and 2013-14 CWD Deer Carcass Tags for hunting within the CWD-MZ if they have qualified for a bonus buck. If CWD tags are used, then Bonus Buck rules will apply.

CWD Units: Buck Authorization Stickers

Buck Authorization Stickers are used to validate the earner's Gun Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag, Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag, or 2012-13 and 2013-14 CWD Deer Carcass Tags for a 'bonus buck'. It is not necessary to use a Buck Authorization Sticker to validate a Gun Buck or Archery Buck Deer Carcass Tag in CWD units.

The purple Buck Authorization Sticker would have been earned during the 2011 deer hunting season by registering an antlerless deer in a CWD unit or by having registered





a CWD-positive buck during the 2011 regular hunting season. If this sticker was not used in 2011 to validate a buck carcass tag it is still valid for that hunter in the 2012 deer hunting season in a CWD unit.

The 2012 Buck Authorization Sticker is yellow and will be issued to hunters who tag and register an antlerless deer in the CWD-MZ during the 2012 deer hunting season. The hunter will receive his/her sticker at the registration station when registering an antlerless deer or by mail if the deer was harvested and registered during the 2012 CWD Private Land Season. This sticker can be used during the 2012 deer season in a CWD unit or, if not used in 2012, it can be used during the 2013 deer season. Be sure not to misplace it. Replacement Buck Authorization Stickers will be issued to any hunter who harvests a buck that tests positive for CWD during the 2012 regular

deer hunting season. The DNR will mail a letter with a replacement 2012-2013 Buck Authorization Sticker attached to a CWD-MZ Carcass Tag. Hunters will be allowed to keep the meat, antlers, hide, and any other parts of the CWD-positive buck. If a hunter chooses to not keep any part of the CWD-positive buck, they must properly dispose of the parts so they end up in a landfill. Removing CWD-positive deer from the landscape is an important management tool and the DNR offers these replacement Buck Authorization Stickers as a token of our appreciation for your assistance in managing CWD.

Buck Authorization Sticker Frequently Asked Questions

Where is my buck authorization valid? In 2012, they are valid in any CWD Management Zone (CWD-MZ) unit.

How many buck authorizations can I earn? During the 2012 season, a Buck Authorization

Sticker will be issued for each antlerless deer registered in any CWD-MZ unit. The sticker must be attached to the back of an antlerless deer carcass tag or CWD deer carcass tag to validate the tag to be used for a buck. **Reminder:** It is not necessary to use a Buck Authorization Sticker to validate a Gun Buck or Archery Buck Deer Carcass Tag in CWD units.

Is the buck authorization weapon or season specific? No. An antherless deer harvested with a gun or bow in a CWD-MZ unit will earn a Buck Authorization Sticker that can be used on any valid antherless deer carcass tag or CWD deer carcass tag (see page 17) while hunting during a gun deer season with a gun deer license or during an archery deer season with an archery license; however, it may not be used during any antherless-only season.

Can I earn a buck for someone else? Buck authorizations are non-transferable. Only those who tag and register an antlerless deer will be issued a Buck Authorization Sticker. Group hunting is allowed to earn or harvest a buck during the gun season, but only the person who tags and registers an antlerless deer will receive the Buck Authorization Sticker. Only the person who has been issued a buck authorization may use it to tag a buck.

How do I prequalify for a buck for next year (2013)? During the regular 2012 deer seasons, if you tag and register an antlerless deer in a CWD-MZ unit you will be issued, at the time of registration, a Buck Authorization Sticker valid in any 2012 or 2013 CWD unit. Additionally, you will be mailed a replacement Buck Authorization Sticker for any CWD-positive buck you harvest.

Firearm and Bow Restrictions

It is illegal to:

- possess or use any firearm for hunting if you are a felon or have been prohibited from possessing a firearm under Wisconsin law. In Wisconsin, a firearm is any weapon that uses gun powder, including black powder or black powder substitute for muzzleloaders. A hunting license does not authorize the purchaser to possess a firearm for hunting. Unless otherwise prohibited, a felon can generally hunt legally with an air rifle for small game mammals (see 2012 Small Game Regulations) or with a bow and arrow or crossbow for small game, turkey, bear, and deer. Appropriate licenses are required.
- hunt with a fully automatic firearm.
- possess or use while hunting any tracer or incendiary shells, cartridges, or ammunition.
- hunt with any means other than a gun discharged from the shoulder or a bow and arrow.
 Handguns may be used as described under the 'Handgun' section (page 22). Crossbows may only be used as described under the 'Bows, Arrows, and Crossbows' section (page 22).
- shoot a firearm within 100 yards of a building devoted to human occupancy while on lands you do not own (including public lands and public waters) without the permission of the owner or occupant of that building.
- hunt deer with ammunition loaded with non-expanding type bullets.
- possess or control any shotshell loaded with a single slug or ball while hunting game birds except during the gun season for deer.
- possess any firearm from 12:00 midnight-11:59 P.M. on November 16, 2012 unless the firearm is unloaded and enclosed within a carrying case. *Exceptions:* Target shooting at established target ranges, target shooting on private lands by landowners and immediate family members, waterfowl hunting during open season, hunting game birds on licensed bird hunting preserves, hunting turkeys and small game in CWD Management Zone units, and handguns possessed by persons authorized to carry a concealed weapon.

Note: An established target range means an existing location that is set up for target

- shooting with firearms as its major purpose.
- possess while hunting, shot or shotshells loaded with shot larger than No. BB from June
 1-Dec. 9 (unless legally engaged in waterfowl, bobcat, or wolf hunting). See Waterfowl Regulations for maximum shot sizes for waterfowl hunting.
- hunt deer with any ammunition loaded with shot other than a single slug or projectile.

Shotguns

- Must have an overall minimum length of 26" with an 18" minimum barrel length unless
 you possess a federal license to possess a 'short-barrelled' shotgun.
- Rifled shotgun barrels of at least 18" in length are considered to be shotguns for the purpose of hunting deer if they fire a single projectile and are in the following gauges: 10, 12, 16, 20, and 28.
- It is illegal to hunt deer with a handgun loaded with any .410 shotgun shell ammunition, or any shotgun with a bore of .410 or less.
- Buckshot is not legal to use or possess while hunting deer unless you also possess a valid, unfilled bobcat or wolf harvest permit/tag.

Rifles

- Rifles must have an overall minimum length of 26" with a 16" minimum barrel length unless you possess a federal license to possess a 'short-barrelled' rifle.
- Rifles are legal for hunting deer in areas not restricted to shotguns, muzzleloaders, and handguns only, as indicated by the maps on page 21.
- It is illegal to possess any rimfire rifle larger than .22 caliber or any center-fire rifle .22 caliber or larger during any gun deer season in shotgun-only areas unless it is unloaded and enclosed within a carrying case. Note: Rifle-barreled shotguns and muzzleloaders are not considered rifles for purpose of hunting deer.
- It is illegal to hunt deer with any center-fire rifle less than .22 caliber, any air gun, or any rimfire rifle.

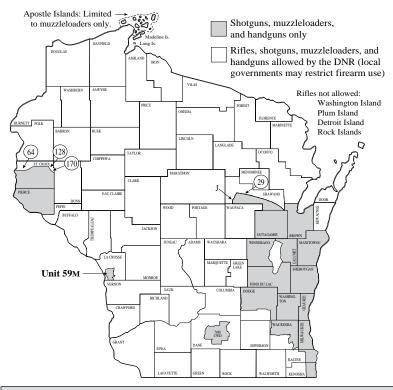
Muzzleloaders

- Muzzleloaders that are discharged from the shoulder must be at least .45 caliber if smoothbore and .40 caliber or larger if the barrel is rifled, and must be loaded with a single ball or slug to be legal for deer hunting. During the 10-day muzzleloader-only season (Nov. 26 Dec. 5), muzzleloaders must have a solid threaded breech plug making them capable of being loaded only from the muzzle. Telescopic sights are legal to use on muzzleloaders during any firearm deer season. Note: Inline muzzleloaders are legal to use during the 10-day muzzleloader hunt with black powder or any black powder substitutes.
- Muzzleloaders may be used statewide in all areas open to hunting deer with guns.
- Muzzleloading handguns must be .44 caliber or larger with a minimum barrel length
 of 7", measured from muzzle to breech face, and fire a single projectile weighing 138
 grains or more to be legal for deer hunting.
- Black powder revolvers are legal, but not for hunting deer during the 10-day muzzleloader-only season because they are capable of being loaded by the cylinder instead of the muzzle.

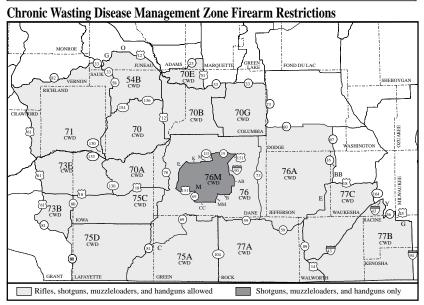
10-Day Muzzleloader-Only Deer Season

- A hunter, or at least one member of a group hunting party, must have a valid unused deer carcass tag to participate in the muzzleloader-only season. See pages 13 and 15 for exemptions for qualified military personnel and disabled hunters.
- Blaze orange clothing and ground blind display requirements apply (see page 24).
- The 10-day muzzleloader-only season will be held statewide except in non-CWD metro units and some state parks. See pages 42-46 for state park season information.

Deer Firearm Restricted Areas



Hunters need to check with local governments for weapon restrictions as some prohibit rifles and other weapon types within their boundaries.



Handguns

- To be legal for deer hunting, handguns must use center-fire cartridges of .22 caliber
 or larger and have a 5½" minimum barrel length measured from the firing pin to the
 muzzle with the action closed.
- You may not possess a concealed handgun unless you are authorized by law to possess a concealed handgun in Wisconsin.
- For muzzleloading handguns, see 'Muzzleloaders' on page 20.
- It is illegal to hunt with a handgun if under age 18.

Bows, Arrows, and Crossbows

- Crossbows and bow and arrows may be used by any person hunting under the authority
 of a gun deer license during any firearm (i.e., Gun Deer or Muzzleloader) deer season.
- When hunting under the authority of an Archery License, crossbows are only allowed for hunters age 65 or older and any disabled hunters with a Class A, B crossbow, or C disabled permit or a Crossbow Permit.
- If used while hunting deer, bows must have a draw weight of 30 pounds or greater, and metal broadheads must be at least 7/8" wide and kept sharp.
- Crossbows must have a minimum draw of 100 pounds, a working safety, and use at least 14-inch long bolts or arrows equipped with broadheads.
- Bows equipped with a drawlock mechanism that is capable of holding the bow at full
 draw without the aid of a hunter are considered crossbows. These are exempt from the
 100-pound requirement but must meet the 30-pound minimum draw weight.
- You may not possess any poison, drug, or explosive-tipped arrow while hunting.

Arms Transportation

- All firearms (excluding handguns) must be unloaded when in any vehicle, whether
 moving or stationary, and must be unloaded when in or on any moving vehicle. Note: A
 loaded firearm may be placed on, but not in, a vehicle which is stationary. All firearms,
 bows, and crossbows must be unloaded when in or on any motor driven boat while the
 motor is running.
 - **Note:** A firearm is considered unloaded if the shell or cartridge is removed from the chamber, and any clip, magazine, or cylinder that is attached to the firearm is empty; the cap is removed from a percussion muzzleloader; the flashpan of a flint lock muzzleloader is cleaned of powder; or the battery is disconnected and removed from an electronic ignition system muzzleloader.
- It is illegal to place, possess, or transport a cocked crossbow in or on a motorized vehicle unless it is unloaded and enclosed within a case.
- It is illegal to load a firearm other than a handgun while it is in a vehicle, or to discharge
 any firearm, including handguns, in or from any moving or stationary vehicle except
 for certain disabled hunters with proper permits.*
 - * Any person may load and discharge a firearm, bow, or crossbow from a stationary, non-motorized vehicle, such as a wagon, trailer, or blind with wheels, if it is not attached to a motor vehicle.
- Qualified disabled persons with the permit authority to shoot from a stationary vehicle must have all firearms (other than handguns) unloaded while the vehicle is in motion.

General Deer Hunting Regulations

Dogs

- It is illegal to hunt deer with dogs.
- · Dogs are considered private property and are protected by law. Only conservation

Lead in Venison

Deer harvested with lead bullets have been shown to have tiny lead particles or fragments remaining in the processed meat. These are often too small to be seen and can disperse far from the wound channel. Although lead in venison does not rival lead paint in older homes as a health risk for the public, the risk is not low enough to ignore. Children under six and pregnant women are at the greatest risk from lead exposure. The amount of lead found in a small percentage of venison samples suggests that long term effects of lead consumption could occur in people who regularly eat venison harvested with lead ammunition. However, there is currently no known evidence linking human consumption of venison to lead poisoning.

The following measures can reduce your potential exposure to lead in venison:

- Consider alternative non-lead expanding ammunition such as copper or other highweight retention lead bullets, such as bonded bullets.
- Practice marksmanship and outdoor skills to get closer to your target, making cleaner, lethal shots away from major muscle areas. Aim for the vitals behind the shoulder or the neck. Don't shoot at running deer.
- Avoid consuming internal organs as they can contain extra lead from heart-lung shots.
- Process small batches so you can frequently check the grinder and remove lead fragments.
- Remind your meat processor to not use deer meat with excessive shot damage.
 Trim a generous distance away from the wound channel and discard any meat that is bruised, discolored, or contains hair, dirt, bone fragments, or grass.

For additional information:

- on the lead-in-venison issue: dnr.wi.gov, Keyword: 'lead'.
- on lead poisoning: www.dhfs.wisconsin.gov.
- on deer processing: http://datcp.wi.gov/uploads/Food/pdf/CommonSense.pdf.
- on where to find copper bullets and non-toxic ammunition for hunting: dnr.wi.gov, Keyword: 'copper bullets'.

wardens may kill dogs chasing deer. Owners may be held responsible for damage caused by their dogs.

• A dog that is actively engaged in a legal hunting activity, including training, is not considered to be running-at-large if the dog is monitored or supervised by a person, and the dog is on land that is open to hunting or on land on which the person has obtained permission to hunt or to train a dog. A dog allowed to run on lands where permission has not been obtained is considered to be running-at-large and may be taken into custody as a stray animal and delivered to a pound, humane officer, or law enforcement officer.

Use of Devices

It is illegal to:

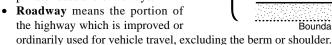
- hunt any animal with the aid of an aircraft.
- use while hunting, any bow equipped with a draw-lock type mechanism that is capable
 of holding a bow at full draw without the aid of the hunter. Note: For exceptions, see
 'Bows, Arrows, and Crossbows' on page 22.
- use, or possess with the intent to use, laser sights while hunting except by Class C visually handicapped permit holders.
- use or hunt with a firearm equipped with a suppressor/silencer, unless you possess the

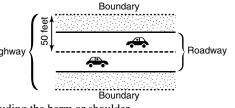
proper Federal firearm license that authorizes you to possess and use the device.

Note: Electronic calls and decoys are legal for hunting deer.

Hunting Near Roadways

 Highway means the entire width between the boundary lines of every public road, but does not include Highway private roads and driveways.





 Public road means those roads shown on the current official county highway map available from the Department of Transportation for public use. It does not include private roads or driveways.

It is illegal to:

- 1. Hunt within 50 feet of the roadway's center; or
- 2. Discharge a firearm, shoot an arrow from a bow, or a bolt from a crossbow:
 - a. from or across a highway, or
 - b. within 50 feet of the roadway's center.

The above prohibition applies to all public roads (defined above). Certain exceptions are allowed for Class A and B Disabled Permit holders, and for others hunting small game from dirt or gravel roads with shotguns loaded with fine shot. Call the DNR Call Center (see page 54) or consult the Small Game Regulations for an explanation of these exceptions.

Shining

It is illegal to:

- use, or possess with intent to use, a light, including vehicle headlights, for shining any
 wild animal while hunting or in possession of a firearm, bow and arrow, or crossbow.
 This includes laser sights on firearms, bows, and crossbows. Exceptions apply for hunting
 certain small game and wolves; see 2012 Wisconsin Small Game Hunting Regulations.
- use, or possess with intent to use, a light, including vehicle headlights, for shining wild animals between the hours of 10 P.M. and 7 A.M. from September 15 through December 31 whether or not a firearm or bow is in possession.
 Note: Some areas may prohibit shining by local ordinance. Check with the local sheriff's department or township officials for local shining restrictions.
- shine at any time on federal refuges and Waterfowl Production Areas.

Blaze Orange Requirements

In any area of the state where a firearm deer season is open (including the regular 9-day hunt, muzzleloader season, October 6-7 youth hunt, October and December 4-day antlerless-only hunts, and CWD hunts), no person may hunt any game, except waterfowl, unless at least 50% of the person's outer clothing above the waist is colored blaze orange. A hat or other head covering, if worn, must be at least 50% blaze orange. Faded or stained blaze orange clothing is unsafe and may not meet law requirements. Camo-blaze that is 50% blaze orange is legal, but is not as visible as solid blaze clothing. 100% solid blaze orange is recommended. **Note:** Blaze orange requirements do not apply to those hunters participating in legal night hunting (e.g., raccoon) from ½ hour after sunset to ½ hour before sunrise.

During any gun or muzzleloader deer season, ground blinds (except waterfowl blinds) on DNR owned or managed lands must have a minimum of **144 square inches of solid blaze orange material visible from all directions**. Also, all unoccupied ground blinds

must have the owner's customer ID number or name and address attached in a manner that is legible and visible in a conspicuous location near the entrance. Ground blinds must be removed daily at the end of hunting hours, except waterfowl blinds which may be left up throughout the season but must be removed completely within seven days after the season closes. **Exceptions:** These requirements do not apply to blinds constructed entirely of dead vegetation found on the property, and which include no man-made materials.

Ground Blind Frequently Asked Questions

Can I just hang a 12" x 12" blaze orange flag on the top of my blind?

No, because not all 144 square inches of the 12" x 12" blaze orange flag or piece of material will be visible from all directions, 360 degrees around the blind, at all times.

Can I attach multiple small pieces of blaze orange on the outside of my blind if the total area is equal to 144 square inches?

No, multiple small pieces of blaze orange are not legal because the requirement is that when looking at the blind from any direction there must be at least one SOLID patch (i.e. one piece) of blaze orange visible which is at least 144 square inches in size.

Can I just wrap a 144-inch long piece of blaze orange flagging tape that is 1 inch wide around my blind?

No, because while a narrow strip of blaze orange may equal 144 square inches, if it is wrapped around the blind and only about 25 % of the material is visible from each side then the minimum requirement is not met.

Can I use camo-blaze orange pattern?

No, camo-blaze orange does not meet the solid color requirement. Camo-blaze can be used in addition to the minimum 144 square inches of solid blaze orange visible in all directions, but not in place of it.

Group Deer Hunting Law

It is illegal to kill game for another person EXCEPT that during a **deer firearm season only,** any member of a group deer hunting party may kill a deer for another member of the party. Group hunting is **not legal** for persons hunting with archery hunting gear. All participants **must** be licensed and each **must** possess a firearm, **except** that a mentor and the person they are mentoring under the Hunting Mentorship Program may share one firearm (see page 12 for Hunting Mentorship Program rules). Members of a group deer hunting party should also agree in advance that a tag holder is willing to use their tag on a deer killed by another member of the party.

The following conditions are established by law to ensure that hunters are actively participating in the hunt, are in the field, and do not harvest more deer than the group has tags for:

- 1. A group deer hunting party must be 2 or more hunters who are hunting together within sight or voice contact at all times. Temporary loss of voice or visual contact for a reasonable time due to terrain or weather conditions is acceptable. Hunters may not kill deer for persons who are not out in the field actively hunting with the party or are at other locations apart from the area where the hunter killed the deer.
- 2. Group deer hunting is allowed to fill the free statewide Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag issued to youth ages 10-17.
- 3. Hunters may not use cellular phones, special free radio communications, or other mechanical or electronic amplifying devices (except hearing aids) to get someone to tag a deer. It is legal to use electronic devices for reasons other than getting someone to tag a deer.
- 4. The hunter for whom the deer is killed must possess a valid unused carcass tag for the

- type of deer killed.
- 5. The hunter killing the deer may not leave the deer unattended until after the deer is tagged and the tag is validated according to the deer carcass tagging instructions (page 15). A hunter is attending a deer if the hunter can see the deer.
- Convicted felons cannot participate in group deer hunting or allow use of their tag by anyone else. Deer drivers are not required to possess firearms or hunting licenses.
- 7. Adults may *not* gun deer hunt during the October 6-7 youth gun deer hunt.

Transport, Possession, and Sale of Deer

It is illegal to:

- sell, purchase, barter, or offer to sell, purchase, or barter any deer or deer part thereof
 except the head, skin not in spotted coat, and antlers not in velvet of any deer lawfully
 killed when these parts are separated from the rest of the carcass.
- possess in a CWD unit or during an antlerless-only deer season prior to registration a deer with antlers completely broken off which makes determination of legality impossible.
- possess a deer carcass unless tagged and registered as required.
- possess deer antlers in velvet, spotted hides, albino, or white deer, which are entirely
 white except the hooves, tarsal glands, heads, and parts of the head, unless special
 written authorization is obtained from the department.
 - **Note:** Deer with antlers in velvet or in spotted coat may be harvested during the open deer season, however, to keep the antlers or spotted hide the hunter must contact a warden within 7 days of tagging the deer and request written authorization to keep the antlers or hide. The velvet antlers and spotted hide may not be sold or transferred to another person. Albino and white deer may not be harvested without prior written authorization from the DNR **except** that albino and white deer may be harvested and possessed in the CWD Management Zone.
- transport another person's unregistered deer unless accompanied by the person issued the carcass tag. Once registered, anyone may transport the deer.

Note: Legally-possessed deer may be transported out-of-state by residents and non-residents once the deer is registered. For transportation requirements in CWD units and from other states, provinces, or countries, see 'Deer Carcass Transportation Regulations in the United States and Canada' on page 27.

Taking of Game

It is illegal to:

- take or possess any deer or wild animal which has been lawfully obtained by someone else without having that person's consent.
- not immediately kill all game taken and make it part of the daily bag.
- carelessly waste game. You must make every reasonable effort to retrieve all game killed or crippled. Until such effort is made, such game shall be included in the daily bag. This rule does not allow you to trespass without permission of the landowner nor to shoot game beyond established shooting hours.

Vehicle-Killed Deer, Bear, and Turkey Tagging and Possession

- Any person may claim a deer, bear, or turkey that has been accidentally killed by a
 motor vehicle operated on a highway. The driver of a vehicle that collides with and
 kills a deer, bear, or turkey has first priority to the carcass. If the driver does not want
 the carcass, any other person who arrives at the scene may request a tag for the carcass.
- Contact your sheriff's department before moving the deer, bear, or turkey to obtain a free tag so that the carcass can be legally possessed.
- See below for deer carcass transportation restrictions.

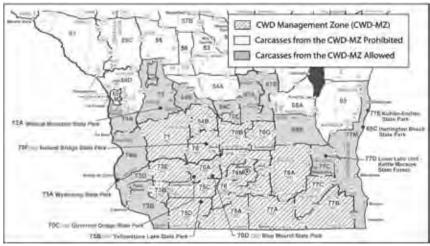
Note: It is illegal to use a vehicle-killed deer to obtain a Buck Authorization Sticker.

Taxidermists

These regulations are available at *dnr.wi.gov*, Keyword: 'taxidermy'.

Deer Carcass Transportation Regulations in the United States and Canada

Research indicates that intact carcasses and certain parts of cervids (deer, elk, and moose) infected with CWD may be a source of disease spread. The infective agent (prion) is concentrated in the brain, spinal cord, and lymph nodes. The intent of the following regulations is to prevent the movement of brain, spinal cord, and lymphoid tissue in order to minimize the risk of introducing CWD into an area where it does not currently exist.



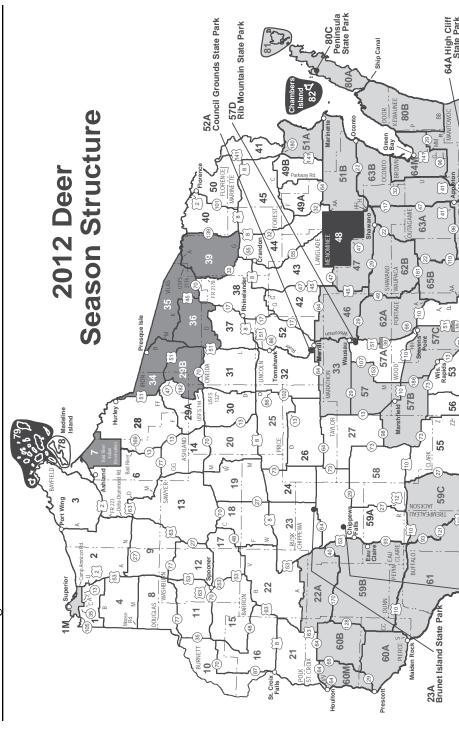
It is illegal to:

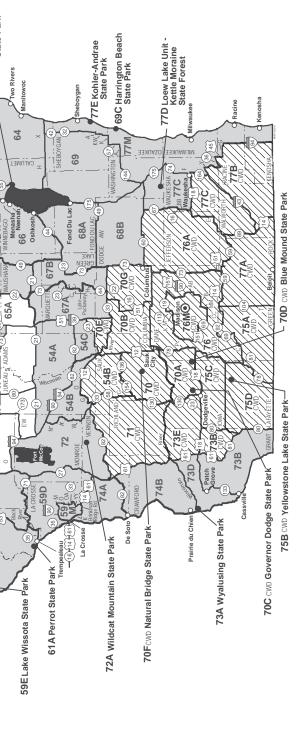
- transport whole wild deer carcasses and certain parts of those carcasses from the CWD
 Management Zone (CWD-MZ) to areas outside of the CWD-MZ (see map above),
 UNLESS these parts are being transported to adjacent deer management units or to
 a licensed taxidermist or licensed meat processor within 72 hours of the deer being
 registered. This restriction applies to any deer management unit ending in -CWD, such
 as 77C-CWD or 54B-CWD (see map above and on pages 28-29).
- transport carcasses or certain parts of wild cervids (deer, elk, and moose) from other states or provinces that have CWD into any part of Wisconsin UNLESS they are taken to a licensed meat processor or licensed taxidermist within 72 hours of entering the state. Hunters transporting whole carcasses or restricted parts of those cervids into Wisconsin from other states or provinces must possess and exhibit to wardens, upon request, documentation of what state or province the carcass was harvested in.

The following list specifies the only parts of wild deer harvested in the CWD-MZ that may be transported beyond those deer management units adjacent to the CWD-MZ. This list also applies to any wild deer, elk, or moose transported into Wisconsin from other states and provinces that have CWD.

- Meat that is cut and wrapped (either commercially or privately);
- Quarters or other portions of meat to which no part of the spinal column is attached;
- Meat that has been deboned;
- Hides with no heads attached:
- Finished taxidermy heads;

Carcass transportation regulations continued on page 30.





- Regular Unit Bucks plus \$12 bonus antlerless permits
- Herd Control Unit Bucks plus \$2 antlerless permits
 - Bucks Only (DMUs 7, 29B, 34, 35, 36, & 39) Non-Quota Area - No permits issued by DNR
- CWD Unit 1 archery buck, 1 gun buck, plus antlerless permits. Bonus Buck rules apply.
- Unit 48 firearm season is for tribal members only season set by Menominee Tribe

Carcass Transportation Deer Regulations continued...

- Antlers:
- Clean skulls or skull plates with no lymphoid or brain tissue attached;
- Upper canine teeth (also known as buglers, whistlers, or ivories); or
- Whole carcasses that are delivered to a licensed meat processor or licensed taxidermist
 within 72 hours of being registered or entering the state. The processor or taxidermist
 must be told that the animal came from the CWD-MZ or a state with CWD, and they
 must dispose of the brain, spinal column, and parts not exempt from the transportation
 restrictions in a landfill or rendering plant.

The movement of carcasses and parts of *captive* cervids is regulated by the USDA and the Wisconsin Dept. of Agriculture, Trade, and Consumer Protection (DATCP). Please contact DATCP (608-224-4872) with questions concerning these regulations.

Many states and provinces restrict the importation of cervid carcasses and it is recommended that hunters check the regulations of their home state or province, the state or province they will be hunting in, and the states or provinces they will be traveling through. For more information, please visit the CWD Alliance webpage at: www.cwd-info.org/.

The following Deer Management Units (DMUs) make up Wisconsin's CWD Management Zone from which deer carcass movement is restricted:

Affected DMUs include: 54B-CWD, 70-CWD, 70A-CWD, 70B-CWD, 70C-CWD, 70D-CWD, 70E-CWD, 70F-CWD, 70G-CWD, 71-CWD, 73B-CWD, 73E-CWD, 75A-CWD, 75B-CWD, 75C-CWD, 75D-CWD, 76-CWD, 76A-CWD, 76M-CWD, 77A-CWD, 77B-CWD, and 77C-CWD. See centerfold map on page 28 and 29.

These DMUs are located in the counties of Adams, Crawford, Columbia, Dane, Dodge, Grant, Green, Iowa, Jefferson, Juneau, Kenosha, Lafayette, Marquette, Racine, Richland, Rock, Sauk, Vernon, Walworth, and Waukesha.

Please note: All deer killed in the **CWD Management Zone** must be registered within the unit of kill or an adjacent unit of kill *within* the CWD Management Zone.

Baiting and Feeding Deer

The regulations pertaining to baiting and feeding are divided into two parts of the state—those counties where baiting and feeding deer is prohibited, and those areas where baiting and feeding of deer is allowed with a 2-gallon limit.

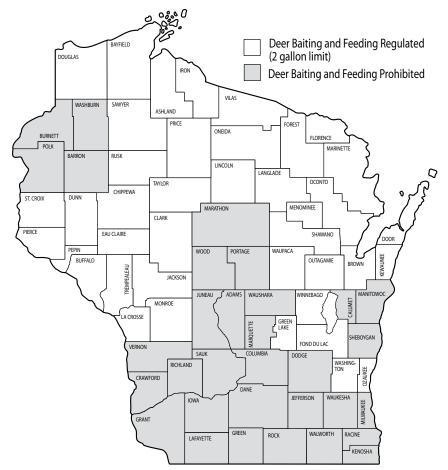
Counties where baiting is NOT allowed

Placing bait for hunting purposes is prohibited in the following counties: Adams, Barron, Burnett, Calumet, Columbia, Crawford, Dane, Dodge, Grant, Green, Iowa, Jefferson, Juneau, Kenosha, Lafayette, Manitowoc, Marathon, Marquette, Milwaukee, Polk, Portage, Racine, Richland, Rock, Sauk, Sheboygan, Vernon, Walworth, Washburn, Waukesha, Waushara, and Wood. See map on page 31.

In these counties, no person may place, use, or hunt over bait or feed material for the purpose of hunting deer or place feed for recreational purposes.

Scents: Scent may be used for hunting deer statewide, but the scent may not be placed or deposited in a manner that makes it accessible for consumption by deer. Scents shall be removed daily at the end of hunting hours, **except** two ounces or less of scent may be placed, used, or deposited in any manner for hunting deer and do not need to be removed daily. For more information on recommended uses of scents as they pertain to CWD, please visit our CWD webpages at *dnr.wi.gov*, Keyword: 'CWD'.

Natural Vegetation and Plantings: You may hunt with the aid of material deposited by



natural vegetation or material found solely as a result of normal agricultural or gardening practices, or with the aid of crops planted and left standing as wildlife food plots. It is illegal to establish or maintain any food plot or planting on any DNR managed land.

Counties where baiting deer is allowed

In the remainder of the state (except for U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service lands), baiting for deer hunting purposes is allowed **only under the following conditions:**

Amount: Each hunter may place up to 2 gallons of bait for each property under the same ownership regardless of the size of the property. If the property is larger than 40 acres, then each hunter may place an additional 2 gallons of bait for each additional full 40 acres of contiguous land under the same ownership (parcels of land that do not touch but are separated only by a town, county, or state highway are considered contiguous).

Note: Bait may be spread out or divided into more than one pile as long as the total amount of bait or feed material is not more than 2 gallons per 40 acres or less.

Placement: No person may:

- place a baiting site closer than 100 yards from another baiting site;
- hunt within 100 yards of more than 2 gallons of bait on the same parcel of land; or

 place a baiting site within 50 yards of any trail, road, or campsite used by the public, or within 100 yards of a roadway having a posted speed limit of 45 mph or more.

Note: Removal of unlawfully placed bait or feed material does not preclude the issuance of a citation for the original placement of the unlawful baiting or feeding material.

Timing: No person may:

- place, use, or hunt over bait or feed for hunting purposes during the closed season for hunting deer, but may start to place bait for deer hunting the day before the opening day of the first deer hunting season, which is the archery season. This means the 24-hour period from 12:00 A.M. to 11:59 P.M. on the day immediately before the season.
- hunt over bait or a feeding site that is in violation of these regulations unless the area is completely free of bait or feed material for at least 10 consecutive days prior to hunting, pursuing animals, or dog training.

Content: No person may place, use, or hunt over any bait or feed material that:

- contains any animal part or animal by-product. Note: Animal parts and by-products
 include honey, bones, fish, meat, solid animal fat, animal carcasses, and parts of animal
 carcasses, but do not include liquid scents.
- is contained in or deposited by a feeder that is designed to deposit or replenish feed automatically, mechanically, or by gravity.
- contains or is contained within metal, paper, plastic, glass, wood, or other similar processed materials. This does not apply to scent materials.

License: No person may use or hunt over bait or feed material placed for deer without possessing an appropriate valid Archery or Gun Deer License and unused carcass tag.

Counties where feeding deer is allowed

In counties where it is legal to bait deer for hunting, it is also legal to feed deer for recreational viewing. However, the following regulations apply:

- Each owner-occupied residence or business open to the public may place out **no more** than 2 gallons of feed.
- The feed must be located within 50 yards of an owner-occupied residence or a business open to the public.
- The feed **may not** be located within 100 yards of a roadway with a posted speed limit of 45 mph or more.
- It is illegal to use a feeder that replenishes or distributes food automatically, mechanically, or by means of gravity (i.e., automated feeders).
- It is illegal to place feed at a deer feeding site that the person knows is being used by bear or elk. If the owner of the residence or business is notified by the department or otherwise becomes aware that bear or elk have been using a deer feeding site, then the owner must discontinue feeding for a period of not less than 30 consecutive days.

Owner-occupied residence means a dwelling devoted to human occupancy that is used as a residence by the owner, members of the owner's immediate family, or as a residence by individuals as a rental property. When a residence is not being used as a residence it is not legal to feed deer there.

Business open to the public means a business building that allows the general public to enter and access the building.

Baiting and Feeding Frequently Asked Questions

What exactly is considered bait?

Bait is any material that is placed or used to attract wild animals, including scent materials, salt, minerals, grains, etc. Water is not considered bait.

What is considered a scent material?

Scent is any material, except animal parts or by-products, used to attract wild animals solely by its odor.

Are there any restrictions on scent material?

The following rules apply statewide:

- Up to 2 ounces of scent (liquid or solid) may be placed or used in any manner (on the ground, scrapes, branches, etc.)
- Any scent material over 2 ounces must not be accessible to deer and must be removed daily at the end of hunting hours for deer.
- Honey and solid animal parts or animal by-products may not be used as scent. For more information on recommended uses of scents as they pertain to CWD, please visit our CWD webpages at *dnr.wi.gov*, Keyword: 'CWD'.

In areas where deer baiting is not allowed, what can I use to attract deer closer to my stand if I can't use bait?

Use of the following is legal statewide:

- Decoys
- Scents
- Naturally-occurring material (such as acorns), deposited by natural vegetation, that is not collected and/or relocated in any manner.
- Crops planted and left standing as wildlife food plots.
- Material deposited solely as a result of normal agricultural or gardening practices that is not collected and/or relocated for hunting or other purposes.

Can I still place out salt or mineral blocks or similar material?

In counties where baiting and feeding of deer is prohibited, no. These materials are considered bait and are not legal. In the remainder of the state, you may only place these materials during the open seasons for deer hunting, and they may not exceed the 2-gallon limit per hunter per 40 acres.

Can I use an automatic, mechanical, or gravity feeder to bait or feed deer?

No. It is not legal to use these types of feeders for baiting deer for hunting or for feeding wild deer for viewing purposes.

Does the 2 gallons per 40 acres also apply to public land?

Yes. If a hunter wants to place more than 2 gallons of bait, or more than one bait site on any public hunting land, then the hunter will need to make sure that each bait site does not exceed 2 gallons. The hunter must also be sure not to place more than 2 gallons for each 40 acres of public land that is contiguous, and that each site is more than 100 yards from any other bait site placed by them or another hunter.

What if my neighbor has a bait site on his property that is less than 100 yards from my stand where I want to place a bait site?

The 100 yard rule does not apply to bait sites that are located on an adjacent property which has a different owner. Where you place your bait site on your land is not affected or restricted by where a neighbor places their bait site on their land.

If there are 4 members in my hunting party, can we each place 2 gallons of bait?

Yes, but each bait site must be at least 100 yards apart and the hunters may not hunt within 100 yards of more than one site (or 2 gallons of bait) at a time. So, if more than one hunter will be placing a bait site on the same property, the hunters may not hunt from any location that allows them to use more than 2 gallons or be within 100 yards of more than one bait site. Hunting halfway between 2 bait sites located less than 200 yards apart is not legal.

Keeping all bait sites at least 200 yards apart will eliminate the risk of violating the bait site distance restrictions.

I have more than one stand on my 40 acres. Can I maintain a bait site at each location for myself, or for other hunters?

Provided all of the bait sites combined do not contain more than 2 gallons total, yes; however, no one, including family members, may place out another hunter's bait and their own if the total they place out is more than 2 gallons.

Can I hunt over someone else's bait site? Can someone else hunt over my bait site?

Yes. If it is a legally placed bait site, there is no restriction on how many hunters can use that one bait site. This applies to both public and private lands. Placing a bait site out on public lands does not reserve that area for the exclusive use of the hunter who places the bait.

If I own or hunt on a 50-acre or larger parcel, how many bait sites can I have?

Only 2 gallons may be placed by each hunter on any property less than 80 acres in size. Each hunter may place up to 2 gallons of bait for each property under the same ownership regardless of the size of the property. If the property is larger than 80 acres, then each hunter may place an additional 2 gallons of bait for each additional full 40 acres of contiguous land under the same ownership if the bait sites are at least 100 yards away from any other bait site.

Note:

- 1. Hunters that only plan to place one bait site for hunting purposes do not need to worry about how many acres they own or have permission on which to hunt.
- Hunters that plan to place more than one bait site for hunting purposes will need to be familiar with the location and boundaries of the property they will be hunting and baiting.

If I only hunt deer during the firearm season and do not bow hunt, when can I start baiting for deer?

Placement of bait for deer hunting can be done during any open season for deer hunting as well as the day before the first season opens. The day before the archery deer season opens is the first day you may begin to place out bait for deer, and all baiting for deer must stop when all the deer seasons have closed for that area.

Can I place out more than 2 gallons of bait or place bait in an automatic feeder if I hunt more than 100 yards from the bait site?

No, it is not only illegal to place out more than 2 gallons of bait or feed for deer, or to place feed or bait in an automatic feeder, but it is also illegal to use more than 2 gallons of bait, even if you stay over 100 yards from the illegal bait.

What is the penalty for illegal placement or use of bait material?

A bond amount for a citation issued for illegal bait or baiting is currently set at \$343-\$745, depending on the amount of bait. The maximum penalty which can be imposed by the court is \$2,152 and loss of all hunting, trapping, and fishing privileges for up to 3 years. The penalty for the illegal feeding of wildlife is \$343.

For more information on legal baiting and feeding activities, visit *dnr.wi.gov*, Keyword: 'deer baiting'.

Chronic Wasting Disease Update

Wisconsin has intensively monitored Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD) for ten years. In that time, nearly 172,000 free-ranging deer were tested for CWD, and over 1,800 deer have tested positive. CWD-positive deer have been found within the CWD Management Zone (CWD-MZ) and Washburn County. Wisconsin has two separate cores of disease

infection in the CWD-MZ: the southwest and the southeast. The southeast CWD outbreak is contiguous with a CWD area in northern Illinois where 336 CWD-positive deer have been found since 2002. Continued surveillance is occurring in this area, as well as Washburn County, to determine the level of disease prevalence and distribution.

CWD Prevalence in Wisconsin

Since 2002, CWD prevalence within our western monitoring area has shown an overall increasing trend in all sex and age classes. During the past ten years, the trend in prevalence in adult males has risen from about 8 percent to nearly 18 percent and in adult females from about 3 percent to approximately 7 percent. During that same time, the prevalence trend in yearling males has increased from about 2 percent to about 6 percent, and in yearling females from 2 percent to about 5 percent. We continue to see similar trends in the eastern monitoring area as well, albeit at lower prevalence levels.

We continue to find that disease prevalence is higher in males than in females, and higher in adults than in yearlings. It is important to keep in mind that annual prevalence estimates are subject to sampling variation and that trends over time give us better information. These annual monitoring data are important for Wisconsin's understanding of CWD distribution and prevalence.

2012 CWD Sampling in Wisconsin

DNR will continue to sample deer within the CWD-MZ, including both the southwestern and southeastern core infection areas, to track changes in both CWD prevalence and distribution. The exact locations of sampling within the CWD-MZ, as well as any possible locations outside of the CWD-MZ, will be available at registration and sampling stations, and on our website, *dnr.wi.gov*, prior to the opening of the 2012 archery season.

We will also sample deer in Washburn County to assess the prevalence and distribution of the disease in the area. Deer will be sampled in a 2 mile radius around the location of the Shell Lake CWD-positive deer. Outside of the 2 mile radius and within a 10 mile radius we hope to get 1-2 samples per square mile. Outside of the 10 mile radius we will accept samples as requested by hunters.



For the latest news and research on Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD), or information on Wisconsin's CWD Response Plan, please visit **KnowCWD.com!**

State-Owned and Managed Lands

This section refers to rules for all lands and property owned by or under control of the DNR. This includes lands under easement to or leased by the DNR and which the DNR manages and controls, but **does not** include lands enrolled in Managed Forest Law or Forest Crop Law programs or private lands only leased to provide public access for hunting, fishing, or trapping. See the section on page 39 for rules regarding those properties.

The placement and unattended, overnight, use of trail cameras is authorized on department lands only under the following conditions:

- 1) Placement only occurs in areas where hunting is allowed and outside of designated special use zones (such as designated hiking trails, beaches, or buildings);
- 2) Trail cameras bear the name and address or department issued customer identification number of the owner or operator permanently attached or engraved to the outside of the camera so that it is clearly visible without the need to move or adjust the camera;

- 3) Cameras may not cause damage to natural vegetation or other department property;
- 4) The placement of trail cameras on department managed lands is done at your own risk. The department will not be responsible for theft or damage of trail cameras on department managed lands.

It is illegal to:

- hike or snowshoe on designated cross-country ski trails when the trails are snow covered.
- hunt or possess a firearm* or bow in a wildlife refuge or possess a firearm, air gun, slingshot, or bow in a state park, state fish hatchery, or within 100 yards of a state campground, picnic area, or within the exterior boundaries of a state recreational trail (except as posted open to hunting) unless it is unloaded and enclosed within a carrying case. A bow or crossbow must be unstrung or enclosed within a carrying case.
 - * A person authorized to carry a concealed weapon may possess a loaded, uncased handgun in a state park, fish hatchery, or campground.
- pursue, drive, or chase animals on lands that are closed to hunting.
- use a ground blind during any open deer season or special deer hunt with firearms unless a
 minimum of 144 square inches of solid blaze orange or florescent blaze orange material
 is visible from all directions.[▲]
 - **Note:** Blinds used for waterfowl hunting are exempt from this rule.
- build or use a ground blind or any elevated device unless it does not damage the tree
 and is completely removed from the property each day at the close of hunting hours.^A
 Note: Blinds used for waterfowl hunting do not need to be removed daily. See waterfowl
 regulations for details.
- leave a tree stand or ground blind unoccupied during legal hunting hours unless the
 owner's customer ID number or name and address has been attached in a manner that
 is visible and legible to a person on the ground or near the entrance of ground blind.
 - ▲ Except: Ground blinds constructed entirely of dead vegetation found on the property do not need to be removed at the end of each day, do not need to display blaze orange, and do not need to have name and address displayed.
- damage trees. Cutting shooting lanes and use of screw-in tree-stands or steps are considered damaging and are illegal.
- possess any loaded or uncased firearm or air gun while within the exterior boundary of state-owned lands posted with department signs in Dane, Dodge, Fond du Lac, Jefferson, Juneau, Kenosha, La Crosse, Manitowoc, Milwaukee, Outagamie, Ozaukee, Racine, Sauk, Sheboygan, Walworth, Washington, Waukesha, and Winnebago counties or on state forest lands in the Kettle Moraine or Point Beach State Forests, or State Recreation Areas, except as follows:
 - while engaged in hunting in accordance with the open seasons listed on pages 7-9 and 11.
 - 2. while shooting at an established target range (this is the only target shooting permitted on these state lands).
 - 3. while training or trialing dogs under department license within designated areas.
- camp on any state lands except in designated campgrounds unless a special camp registration permit is obtained from the DNR prior to setting up camp.
- allow dogs to run on DNR lands from April 15 through July 31 unless the dog is on a
 leash no longer than 8 feet. This rule does not apply to Class 1 field trial grounds, DNR
 lands open to dog training, or training dogs to track bear or wolf after June 30. Also, there
 are exceptions for the training and trialing of dogs on raccoon and rabbits with a training
 license. See the Wisconsin Dog Training and Trialing Regulations (PUB-WM-444) for
 more information, license requirements, and restrictions.
- operate any vehicle, including but not limited to snowmobiles, bicycles, trail bikes, and

all-terrain vehicles except where their use is authorized by posted notice or permit. This prohibition does not apply to public roadways and trails held open to the public for the type of vehicle being operated. Bicycles are permitted in all areas of the northern state forests and the Turtle-Flambeau and Willow Flowage Scenic Water Areas, except where posted against such use.

 operate motor vehicles, including ATV/UTVs and snowmobiles, except in areas posted open to such use or by permit.

Federal Lands

Chequamegon-Nicolet National Forest information:

Headquarters Offices—Park Falls: (715) 762-2461, TTY (715) 762-5701 and Rhinelander: (715) 362-1300, TTY (715) 362-1383.

Additional information and regulations may be found on the web at www.fs.fed.us/r9/cnnf/.

NOTE: Contact the above offices for details about motorized access to these forest lands.

Apostle Islands National Lakeshore (AINL)

In DMU 79 (most of the islands), there are unique hunting seasons and opportunities. A free access permit is required to participate in the Sept. 15-30 and Nov. 1-Jan. 6, 2013 archery season. Contact DNR or AINL for information regarding the October muzzleloader hunt. Hunting follows state regulations in the portions of the park that lie within DMU 3 (Mainland unit) and DMU 7 (Long Island). Throughout the remainder of the park special regulations apply. Contact the Park for information regarding island openings and closings, accessibility, special regulations, and required permits and tagging options.

Contact information:

APIS_resource_issues@nps.gov; www.nps.gov/apis/planyourvisit/hunting.htm Apostle Islands National Lakeshore, 415 Washington Avenue, Bayfield, WI 54814. Phone: 715-779-3397

National Wildlife Refuge and Waterfowl Production Area Regulations

Portions of National Wildlife Refuges (NWR) and Waterfowl Production Areas (WPA) are open to hunting and trapping in accordance with state and federal regulations. Federal regulations will vary. In order to avoid violating federal regulations, **contact the office of the NWR or WPA you will be hunting to get regulations specific to that property.** Additional information can be found at *midwest.fws.gov*.

Whittlesey Creek NWR is open for archery hunting. For more information on rules and season dates, please contact Whittlesey Creek at (715) 685-2678 or by email: whittleseycreek@fws.gov.

The following is a *partial* list of general NWR and WPA regulations. Blaze orange on ground blinds is currently not required, but it is recommended on these lands during gun deer seasons.

It is illegal to:

- possess any firearm, bow, or other weapons unless engaged in legal hunting.
 Note: Concealed weapons are illegal unless you are authorized by law to possess a concealed weapon in Wisconsin.
- possess lead shot. Note: Only non-toxic shot may be possessed for hunting game birds
 and animals, including wild turkey, on WPAs, Horicon NWR, Necedah NWR, and
 Upper Mississippi River National Wildlife and Fish Refuges (UMRNWFR). This rule
 does not apply to hunting small game mammals or deer with rifles and shotguns with
 a single projectile (slug).

- leave spent shells on the ground. Spent shells are considered litter and must be removed.
 The federal citation for littering is \$125.00.
- build or use a ground blind or any elevated device, unless it does not damage the tree
 (i.e., no use of screws, nails, etc.) and it is completely removed from the property each
 day at the close of hunting hours.
- construct permanent blinds out of man-made materials. Note: Portable blinds constructed
 of man-made materials are allowed, but must be removed from the property each day
 at the close of hunting hours.
- possess alcoholic beverages while hunting.
- camp or use overnight, horseback ride, or build campfires on WPAs.
- · shine wild animals at any time.
- use baiting of any sort on U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service managed lands.

Horicon NWR—Mayville, WI; (920) 387-2658

Fox River NWR—(Marquette County) contact the Horicon office at (920) 387-2658

Necedah NWR-Necedah, WI; (608) 565-2551

Trempealeau NWR—Trempealeau, WI; (608) 539-2311

Whittlesey Creek NWR—Ashland, WI; (715) 685-2678

Upper Mississippi River National Wildlife and Fish Refuge (UMRNWFR)

Winona, MN; (507) 452-4232

Leopold Wetland Management District (WMD)—Portage, WI; (608) 742-7100.

Contact this office for information regarding WPAs in the southeast.

St. Croix WMD—New Richmond, WI; (715) 246-7784.

Contact this office for information regarding WPAs in the northwest.

Tribal Lands

Special rules apply on tribal lands in portions or all of Ashland, Bayfield, Forest, Iron, Menominee, Oneida, Sawyer, and Vilas Counties. For more information, contact the tribal chairpersons.

Private Lands and Landowner Information

License Requirements: A landowner is required to have a license to hunt deer.

Liability: Under sec. 895.52 of the Wisconsin Statutes, landowners are generally immune from liability for injuries received by individuals recreating on their lands. This law provides liability protection to landowners for injury or death of individuals participating in outdoor recreation, such as fishing, hunting, trapping, hiking, camping, boating, and berry picking activities, on their land. This immunity does not apply when the landowner receives more than \$2,000 a year in income from the recreation activity or when the landowner acted maliciously with an intent to harm the recreator. There is also an exception for social guests invited specifically for an occasion on residential or platted property or property within 300 feet of a commercial building or structure. Courts have consistently interpreted this statute to protect landowners in furtherance of its purpose, which is to encourage landowners to allow others to recreate on their lands.

Trespassing: Landowners suspecting that individuals are trespassing on their property should **contact their local sheriff's department or other local law enforcement agency.** Conservation Wardens do not have the authority to investigate trespassing complaints. Any person convicted of trespassing is subject to a penalty of up to \$1,397.50. According to s. 943.13, of the Wisconsin Statutes, *it is illegal to:*

• enter land of another without the express or implied consent of the owner or occupant

- of the land. This includes railroad tracks and their adjacent property.
- enter or remain on land after having been notified by the owner or occupant not to enter
 or remain. A person has received notice from the owner or occupant if he or she has
 been notified personally, either orally or in writing, or if the land is posted.

Remember: Although hunters are required to make a reasonable effort to retrieve game they have killed or injured, hunters may not trespass to retrieve such game, even if the game was shot from outside the posted area. **Ask first for permission.**

Farmer Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags: Eligible resident farm owners can receive one free unit-specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag for each bonus unit-specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag they purchase beginning at 10 A.M. on August 18 for units that have carcass tags available. These tags are only available for regular units (see page 7). To qualify, a majority of the land on the farm must be used on a commercial basis and for an agricultural purpose to provide income during the year that the permit is valid. In addition, the farm must be located wholly or partially in the DMU for which the landowner is requesting the free tag. If there are joint owners or vendee names under a land contract, only one of the owners is eligible for the free unit-specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag.

Managed Forest Law and Forest Crop Law

This section refers to rules on private forest lands enrolled in either the Managed Forest Law or Forest Crop Law programs.

It is illegal to:

- build or use a ground blind or any elevated device unless it does not damage the tree and is completely removed from the property each day at the close of hunting hours.*
- damage trees. Note: Cutting shooting lanes and use of screw-in tree-stands or steps are considered damaging and are illegal.*
- operate any vehicle, including but not limited to snowmobiles, bicycles, trail bikes, and all-terrain vehicles except where their use is authorized by landowner or posted notice.*
 - * This does not apply to the owners of lands enrolled in the program or those who have the landowner's authorization. Doing so without authorization would be considered a trespassing violation.

Note: The use of trail cameras on lands enrolled in the MFL/FCL programs is not allowed without permission of the landowner.

Special Hunts

Many of the deadlines for special hunts occur prior to the publication of this pamphlet. If you are interested in these hunts, please note the deadlines for 2013.

Two-day Youth Gun Deer Hunt - October 6 and 7

- Open only to persons 10–15 years of age who possess a gun deer license.
- Youths may earn a Buck Eligibility sticker for shooting an antlerless deer during the two-day Youth Gun Deer Hunt in CWD units.
- The bag limit is **one** buck with a Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag plus one additional antlerless deer per Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag valid for firearms in the Deer Management Unit in which the youth is hunting. In CWD units, a youth may also use the free CWD Deer Carcass Tag to harvest and tag bucks or antlerless deer, but must follow Bonus Buck rules to use these tags to tag a buck.
- The youth may harvest a deer in any DMU statewide (including those portions west of the Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railroad that are not posted closed to hunting) except in state park and non-quota units.
- Allowable types of firearms are those authorized for the November gun deer season.

- Youth may use the allowed type of firearm, bow and arrow, or crossbow to hunt under the authority of their gun deer license.
- Adults may not hunt deer under authority of a gun deer license during the two-day Youth
 Gun Deer Hunt, except for adults who possess a valid disabled hunting permit and
 are hunting on a property sponsored for a disabled deer hunt and hunters hunting
 on an agricultural damage deer shooting permit.
- Youth hunters must be accompanied* by an adult parent or guardian even if the youth is 14 or 15 and holds a Hunter Education Certificate. One adult may not accompany more than two youth hunters at the same time. *Accompanied means within visual **and** voice contact without the aid of any mechanical or electronic amplifying device other than a hearing aid.
- All other hunting regulations apply including blaze orange clothing requirements for all hunters, except waterfowl hunters.
- Hunting mentorship rules apply to all youth ages 10-11, and to 12-15 year olds who
 have not completed hunter education. See page 14 for more information on the Hunting
 Mentorship Program.

CWD Management Zone Private Lands Permit

Additional hunting opportunities on private lands in the CWD Management Zone may exist after the holiday hunt. Visit *dnr.wi.gov* for more information.

Educational Hunts:

- Buckhorn State Park and Wildlife Area: Deer hunting is offered to novice hunters
 who complete a 'Learn to Deer Hunt Workshop'. For applications and information
 regarding dates and fees, write or call Buckhorn State Park at W8450 Buckhorn Park
 Avenue, Necedah, WI 54646-7338; phone 608-565-2789. Applications for 2013 are
 due July 15, 2013.
- Sandhill Outdoor Skills Center: Deer hunting is offered to youth and beginner adults
 who complete a 'Learn to Deer Hunt Workshop'. For dates and fees, write or call the
 Center at Box 156, Babcock, WI 54413; phone 715-884-2437. Applications for 2013
 are due May 31, 2013.

Hunting on School Forest Land: A school board may decide to allow hunting for game in its school forest consistent with the open and closed seasons for game on adjacent land.

Gun Deer Hunt for Hunters with Disabilities: Oct. 6–Oct. 14, 2012. Interested disabled hunters who wish to participate in 2012 should contact the nearest DNR Service Center or disabled deer hunt sponsor before *September 1st*. The disabled deer hunt is available to disabled hunters who hold a Class A, C, or D disabled permit, or to holders of a Class B permit that is issued for longer than one year and which authorizes hunting or shooting from a stationary vehicle. People who wish to sponsor a deer hunt *in 2013* must submit an application to their local wildlife manager by *June 1, 2013*. A list of sponsors for the 2012 gun deer hunt for hunters with disabilities can be found at *dnr.wi.gov*.

Badger Army Ammunition Plant: The Badger Army Ammunition Plant will be open for hunting from Nov. 17-25 and for the statewide antlerless-only hunt from Dec. 6-9. Additionally, it will be open on Oct. 6-7 for participants in the Gun Deer Hunt for Hunters with Disabilities.

Volk Field and Hardwood Range: For hunting information send a self-addressed, stamped business envelope to: Volk Field ANGB, Attn: Natural Resources, 100 Independence Drive, Camp Douglas, WI 546218. Visit the website: www.volkfield.ang.af.mil/units/index.asp, and look for 'Volk Field Environmental Policies'.

Fort McCoy Military Reservation: Hunting information can be found under Recreation Opportunities at www.mccoy.army.mil or by calling the Permit Sales Office at 608-388-3337.

Wisconsin Deer Donation 2012

Since the deer donation program began in 2000, hunters have donated nearly 80,000 deer which were processed into over 3.6 million pounds of ground venison. You can continue to help feed needy people throughout Wisconsin this fall by taking four simple steps:

- 1. Field dress the deer and register it at a Wisconsin DNR registration station.
- 2. Contact one of the participating processors to verify they have space to accept the deer.
- 3. Drop deer off at a participating processor by February 1, 2013. Donate the entire deer to receive the processing for free (head and or/antlers may be removed for mounting).
- 4. When dropping your deer off at a processor, please sign the simple log sheet indicating your desire to donate the deer.

The 2012 deer donation program will begin accepting deer after August 1. **Hunters may make voluntary donations to help pay for the costs of deer processing when they buy their hunting license.** Since 2002, over 46,000 hunters have donated over \$147,000 to help pay for venison processing for food pantries. Last year hunters donated 3,606 deer.

Please visit our website at *dnr.wi.gov*, Keyword: 'deer donation' for updates on participating processors.

Night Hunting

Coyote, fox, raccoon, and unprotected species may be hunted *without* hunting hour restrictions except:

- During the archery deer seasons when hunting hours listed on pages 50–53 apply while hunting all species with archery equipment.
- 2. During the regular gun deer season from Nov. 17–25 when normal hunting hours apply to hunting all species.

Note: Coyote, fox, and raccoon may be hunted at night during the muzzleloader season, CWD gun deer seasons, youth hunt, and 4-day antlerless-only December gun hunt.

Blaze orange requirements do not apply to those hunters participating in legal night hunting from ½ hour after sunset to ½ hour before sunrise.



NEW RULE IN 2012:

Coyote Hunting Season is open all year statewide. Starting in 2012, the coyote season will not close in the northern portion of Wisconsin during the gun deer season.

State Park Deer Hunting Seasons and Harvest Limits

Park Access Permits are available on a first come, first served basis starting on Saturday, August 18 at 10 A.M. Permits can be purchased at any license vendor, online at dnr.wi.gov, or by phone at 1-877-WI-LICENSE (1-877-945-4236). A State Park sticker or pass is required for all vehicles in a state park. Limited Access: The following State Parks require that each hunter first obtain a \$3 Park Access Permit prior to hunting during the following seasons.

			AF	ARCHERY SEASON		GUN SEASON	MUZ	MUZZLELOADER SEASON
State Park	Unit	Season Structure	Dates	Harvest Limit	Dates	Harvest Limit	Dates	Harvest Limit
Brunet Island State Park	23A	Regular	Nov. 17– Jan. 6	One antlerless deer per valid, unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag with park access permit.	Nov. 17– Nov. 25 (Shotgun season)	One antlerless deer per valid, unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag with park access permit.	N/A	N/A
Council Grounds State Park	52A	Regular	Nov. 17– Jan. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.	Nov. 17– Nov. 25 (Shotgun season)	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.	Nov. 26– Dec. 5	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.
Harrington Beach State Park	69C	Herd	Nov. 17– Jan. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.	N/A	N/A	Nov. 17– Dec. 5	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.
High Cliff State Park	64A	Herd Control	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Nov. 17– Nov. 25	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.
Kohler-Andrae State Park	77E	Herd	Nov. 17– Jan. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.	N/A	N/A	Nov. 17– Dec. 5	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.

			AR	ARCHERY SEASON)	GUN SEASON	MUZ	MUZZLELOADER SEASON
State Park	Unit	Season Structure	Dates	Harvest Limit	Dates	Harvest Limit	Dates	Harvest Limit
Lake Wissota State Park	59E	Regular	N/A	N/A	Nov. 17– Nov. 25 (Shotgun season)	One antlerless deer per valid, unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag with park access permit.	N/A	N/A
Loew Lake Unit of Kettle Moraine State Forest	J7D	Herd	See page 45	See page 45	N/A	N/A	Nov. 17– Dec. 5	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.
Peninsula State Park	80C	Herd	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Nov. 17– Nov. 25	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.
Perrot State Park	61A	Herd	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Nov. 17– Nov. 25	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.
Rib Mountain State Park	57D	Regular	Nov. 17– Jan. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.	N/A	N/A	Nov. 17– Dec. 5	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.
Wildcat Mountain State Park	72A	Herd	Nov. 17– Jan. 6	One antlerless deer per valid, unused antlerless deer carcass tag with park access permit.	N/A	N/A	Nov. 17– Dec. 5	One antierless deer per valid, unused antierless deer carcass tag with park access permit.
Wyalusing State Park	73A	Herd	N/A	N/A	Nov. 17– Nov. 25	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.	N/A	N/A

Unrestricted Access: A Park Access Permit is NOT required to hunt during the following seasons in the following state parks, trails, and forests. A State Park sticker or pass is required for all vehicles in a state park.

		ARCHER	ARCHERY SEASON	GUN SEASON	EASON	MUZZLEL	MUZZLELOADER SEASON
State Park U	Unit Season Structure	Dates	Harvest Limit	Dates	Harvest Limit	Dates	Harvest Limit
Big Bay State Park	Regular	Oct. 15– Nov. 15 & Nov. 17– Jan. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 17– Nov. 25	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 26– Dec. 5	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag
Buckhorn State Park	Herd Control	Sept. 15–Nov. 15 & Nov. 17–Jan. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Portion of Buckhorn State Park east of 19th Ave, north of Hwy G, and north of 31st St	Herd Control	Sept. 15– Nov. 15 & Nov. 17– Jan. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 17– Nov. 25 see * below for additional dates	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 26– Dec. 5	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.
Copper Falls State Park	s Regular	N/A	N/A	Nov. 17–Nov. 25	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 26– Dec. 5	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.
Portion of the Elroy– Sparta State Trail located within DMU 54B	ed Herd Control	Nov. 17– Jan. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 17– Nov. 25	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	N/A	N/A
Remainder of the Elroy–Sparta State Trail	/- Herd Control	Nov. 17– Jan. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 17–Nov. 25	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	N/A	N/A
Governor Thompson State Park	Regular	N/A	N/A	Nov. 17–Nov. 25	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	N/A	N/A
Hartman Creek State Park	Herd Control	Nov. 17– Jan. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 17– Nov. 25	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	N/A	N/A
Interstate State Park	Regular	Nov. 17– Jan. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 17-Nov. 25	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	N/A	N/A

* This area will be open during the statewide youth deer hunt weekend (October 6-7) and the December antlerless-only hunt (December 6-9)

			ARCHER	ARCHERY SEASON	GUN SI	GUN SEASON	MUZZLEL	MUZZLELOADER SEASON
State Park	Unit	Season Structure	Dates	Harvest Limit	Dates	Harvest Limit	Dates	Harvest Limit
Kinnickinnic State Parks	Parks	Herd Control	Nov. 17– Jan. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 17– Nov. 25 (Shotgun Season)	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	N/A	N/A
Loew Lake Unit of Kettle Moraine State Forest	77D	Herd	Sept. 15–Nov. 15 & Nov. 17– Jan. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	N/A	N/A	See page 43. Park Access Permit is required.	See page 43. Park Access Permit is required.
Mill Bluff State Park	¥	Herd Control	Oct. 15– Nov. 15 & Nov. 17– Jan. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 17– Nov. 25	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 26– Dec. 5	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.
Nelson Dewey State Park	e Park	Herd Control	N/A	N/A	Nov. 17– Nov. 25	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag	N/A	N/A
Newport State Park		Herd Control	Nov. 17 – Jan. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 17– Nov. 25	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 26– Dec. 5	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.
Potawatomi State Park	ark	Herd Control	N/A	N/A	Nov. 17– Nov. 25	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	N/A	N/A
Rock Island State Park	ark	Herd Control	Oct. 15– Nov. 15 & Nov. 17– Jan. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 17– Nov. 25	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 26– Dec. 5	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.
Straight Lake State Park	Park	Regular	N/A	N/A	Nov. 17– Nov. 25	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 26– Dec. 5	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.
Tuscobia State Trail		Regular	Nov. 17 – Jan. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 17– Nov. 25	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	N/A	N/A
Whitefish Dunes State Park	ate	Herd Control	N/A	N/A	Nov. 17– Nov. 25	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	N/A	N/A
Willow River State Park	Park	Herd Control	Nov. 17- Jan. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 17- Nov. 25 (Shotgun Season)	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag	N/A	N/A

CWD Zone State Park Deer Hunting

No person may hunt deer in the State Parks listed below during the open deer hunting season in that park without first obtaining a State Park Deer Hunting Permit. Note: Permits and maps are available at the State Park office and all DNR offices that offer counter service within the CWD Zone. Vehicle admission stickers are still required.

	STATE	STATE PARKS WITHIN THE CWD MANAGEMENT ZONE SEASONS	CWD MANAGEME	NT ZONE SEASONS		
	ARCHER	ARCHERY SEASON	S NOS	GUN SEASON	MUZZLELO	MUZZLELOADER SEASON
Park	Dates	Harvest Limit	Dates	Harvest Limit	Dates	Harvest Limit
Belmont Mound, Mirror Lake, Natural Bridge (70F).	Nov. 17–Dec. 5	Unlimited Bonus Buck regulations apply*	See box on page 10 (Hunting hours end at 12 noon)	Antlerless Only		
Rocky Arbor, New Glarus Woods, Yellowstone Lake	Dec. 6–9	Antlerless Only	Nov. 17–25	Unlimited Bonus Buck regulations apply**	Nov. 26– Dec. 5	Unlimited Bonus Buck regulations apply**
(75B), and Devil's Lake State Parks.	Dec. 9– Jan. 6	Unlimited Bonus Buck regulations apply*	Dec. 6–9	Antlerless Only		
(407) 5 - 10	See box on page 10 (Hunting hours end at 12 noon)	Antlerless Only	See box on page 10 (Hunting hours end at 12 noon)	Antlerless Only		
Governor Dodge (70C), and Tower Hill	Oct. 15–Dec. 5	Unlimited EAB regulations apply*	Nov. 17–25	Unlimited EAB regulations apply**	Nov. 26– Dec. 5	Unlimited EAB regulations
State Parks	Dec. 6–9	Antlerless Only				apply**
	Dec. 10–Jan. 6	Unlimited EAB regulations apply*	Dec. 6–9	Antlerless Only		

Buck Authorization Sticker is affixed to the back OR an unregistered antlerless deer tagged by the same hunter accompanies the tagged buck deer until both are registered. Also, one antlerless * Note: One buck deer per unused Archery Buck Deer Carcass Tag (without Bonus Buck rules). Also, one buck deer per each unused Antlerless or CWD Deer Carcass Tag provided a valid deer per each additional unused Antlerless or CWD Deer Carcass Tag.

Authorization Sticker is affixed to the back OR an unregistered antlerless deer tagged by the same hunter accompanies the tagged buck deer until both are registered. Also, one antlerless deer *** Note: One buck deer per unused Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag (without Bonus Buck rules). Also, one buck deer per each unused antlerless or CWD deer carcass tag provided a valid Buck per each additional unused Antlerless or CWD Deer Carcass Tag.

Your Investment in Wisconsin's Wildlife 2010–2011

Tracking the Fish & Wildlife (F&W) Account

The \$103 million Fish & Wildlife Account comes from the following sources:

Sources of Revenue	Percent (%)
Fishing and hunting licenses and stamps	66.98
Sport Fish Restoration federal aid	10.21
Misc. grants, donations, and other sources	8.85
Pittman-Robertson federal wildlife aid	11.21
Wildlife damage surcharge	2.75



What did your money accomplish in 2010–2011?

- 1. Managed and monitored wildlife populations: Working with stakeholders, wildlife staff set harvest quotas, hunting rules, and regulations for several game species. We compiled bird and mammal harvest and age data, waterfowl band returns, and license surveys to assist in season framework and harvest quota development. Performed an elk assisted dispersal to expand their range, and monitored the population through telemetry. We continued the first-ever national surveys for difficult-to-monitor birds including owls, nightjars, marsh birds, and red-shouldered hawks. Initiated comprehensive deer research projects in two areas of northern Wisconsin. Helped to develop a sharp-tailed grouse management plan. Initiated the second tetracycline-based bear population study. Banded over 11,000 birds to help monitor their populations. Initiated a long-term study to better understand bobcat ecology in southern Wisconsin.
- 2. Enhanced wildlife populations through habitat management: Used turkey, pheasant, and duck stamp revenue for wetland, grassland, savanna, and forestry projects. Investigated techniques to restore lake shorelands and assessed wildlife response to lake shoreland restoration in northern Wisconsin. Managed 178 state wildlife areas across 620,000 acres for hunting, trapping, fishing, and wildlife watching.
- 3. Customer Service: Operated a 15-hour-per-day customer call center seven days a week that included phone, chat, or email functions. Provided multilingual communications with customer service representatives speaking Hmong and Spanish. Maintained an easy-to-use automated licensing system and a digital message service. Managed computer system and vendor network supporting the sale of over 3 million fishing, hunting, and trapping licenses.
- **4. Law Enforcement:** Held over 975 hunter education courses for 25,000 students taught by volunteers. Helped to sponsor over 115 Learn to Hunt events for over 1,700 participants. Responded to 4,639 hunting, fishing, and trapping complaints.
- 5. Outreach and education: Held programs attended by over 32,400 people. Assisted with a youth expo that instructed 3,000 students about outdoor skills. Expanded the National Archery in the Schools program and hosted the largest indoor archery tournament in Wisconsin. Conducted copper bullet demonstrations throughout the state.
- **6. Improved access to wildlife on public and private lands:** Initiated the 473,000-acre Southwest Wisconsin Grassland and Stream Conservation Area project. Launched the Voluntary Public Access Program, which added 12,000 acres of new public-access hunting lands. Added 5,397 acres of wildlife area land through fee title and easement acquisition.
- **7. Stocked wildlife for recreation:** Partnered with conservation clubs to release 55,000 pheasants on 71 public hunting sites.
- **8. Conducted Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD) management:** Continued CWD surveillance in southern Wisconsin and sampled over 4,500 deer for CWD.

Overview of Regulations in Spanish and Hmong

Bien venido al estado de Wisconsin. Wisconsin esta orgulloso de su historia en la protección, conservación y gozo de sus recursos naturales. Nos gustaría que todos tuvieran una experiencia segura y agradable al aire libre. Parte de ser un buen ciudadano al aire libre es saber y seguir las leyes y las regulaciones que gobiernan el uso de nuestros recursos naturales. En Wisconsin las regulaciones de caza, pescas, y otras regulaciones pueden parecer complicadas al principio. Estas regulaciones fueron diseñadas para alcanzar muchos propósitos, incluyendo mejorar la seguridad, proteger las especies contra sobre-cosecha, y buscar una distribución justa de recursos entre todos. Al tomar un poco de extra tiempo para aprender estas regulaciones, nosotros esperamos que usted tenga una experiencia al aire libre más agradable y productiva. Aquí es lo que usted necesita saber:

Muchas actividades al aire libre son reguladas en Wisconsin:

- Caza, pesca, captura, consumo o posesión de una criatura viva.
- Uso de barco, ATV/UTV, snowmobile, y arma de fuego.

Las regulaciones pueden requerir los siguientes de usted:

- Una licencia valida para la actividad y mínima edad es requerida.
- límites en el número de pescados o animales capturados en un período. Esto se llama bolsa límite.
- Límites en el período, también llamado "temporada," durante la cual usted puede cazar o pescar.
- Límites en las especies que usted puede cazar o pescar. Muchas especies son protegidas y no
 pueden ser tomadas.
- Límites en los métodos y las clases de equipo que usted puede utilizar para cazar o para pescar.
- Límites en la localización de donde usted puede cazar o pescar. Algunas tierras públicas están
 abiertas para la caza y la pesca. La mayoría de la tierra, sin embargo, son tierras privadas, y usted
 necesita la aprobación del dueño para estar en estas propiedades. Si usted está en tierras privadas
 sin la aprobación del dueño, usted puede ser cargado con una violación por traspaso.

Las regulaciones se publican cada año, y algunas regulaciones cambian del año al año. Para información específica sobre regulaciones, [el personal de habla hispana] [Hmong]-del servicio al cliente está disponible para asistirle al 1-888-WDNR INFO (1-888-936-7463), o usted puede visitar los centros locales de servicio del DNR o visite nuestro sitio en la Net www.dnr.wi.gov

Se espera que haya cortesía entre los compañeros ciudadanos que disfrutan estar al aire libre. Buena etiqueta al aire libre incluye:

- Saludos amistosos.
- Respetando los límites de propiedades y recibiendo permiso para estar en estas propiedades.
- No ensucie tierras públicas o privadas.
- No caze ni pesque muy cerca de otros. Diferente gente tiene diferentes ideas sobre la cantidad
 de espacio que se necesita entre ellos. Utilice comunicación respetuosa para llegar a un acuerdo
 sobre cuánto espacio es apropiado.
- Comparta los recursos con la gente. Las tierras públicas están disponibles para todos.

La ley del hostigamiento al cazador protege a cazadores y a pescadores contra el maltrato de otros. Si usted ha sido maltratado o acosado mientras que usted ha estado cazando o pescando, usted puede llamar 1-800-TIP-WDNR para reportar un incidente o para pedir ayuda. Finalmente, le animamos a que se haga un ciudadano activo en la continuación de proteger nuestros recursos naturales. Los clubes de deportes locales son la mejor manera de involucrarse. Entre en contacto con su centro de servicio local del DNR para los lugares y los nombres de clubes y de acontecimientos.

Lub xeev Wisconsin zoo siab tos txais sawvdaws. Wisconsin muaj ntau txoj cai txog kev plob hav zoov, kev nuv ntses, thiab kev txuag peb lub xeev no. Wisconsin xav kom sawvdaws to taub cov cai ua ntej sawvdaws mus plob hav zoov thiab nuv ntses thiaj li tsis muaj teeb meem.

Hauv Wisconsin no, cov cai hais txog kev plob hav zoov thiab kev nuv ntses ntsiv ntau thiab nyuaj heev. Tiamsis cov cai no yog tsim los mus pab kom tsis txhob muaj teeb meem ntawd kev plob hav zoov, pab txuag txhua yam tsiaj, thiab txuag peb lub xeev. Yog sawdaws siv sijhawm los kawm cov cai no, sawdaws yuav to taub thiab yuav tsis muaj teeb meem dabsi.

Cov cai muaj raws li:

- Kev plob, kev nuv ntses, kev txhom, kev khaws los yog cia tsiaj muaj sia.
- Kev caij nkoj, caij ATV/UTV, snowmobile, thiab kev siv phom.

Cai muaj ntxiv raws li:

- Koj yuav tsum muaj license koj thiab li tau mus plob thiab nuv ntses, thiab koj yuav tsum muaj hnub nyoog raws txoj cai.
- Muaj txoj cai kav tsiaj raws hnub rau kev nuv ntses thiab tua tsiaj, xws li ib hnub koj yuav tau pes tsawg tus ntses thiab tsiaj.
- Mauj caij los yog season rau kev nuv ntses thiab kev plob.
- Muaj cai txwv txiav ib txhia tsiaj tua tsis tau. Cov tsiaj koj tua thiab yuav tsis tau no yog tsiaj protected, caiv tsis pub tua.
- Mauj cai qhia txog phom thiab tag nrho khoom siv los mus tua tsiaj thiab nuv ntses.
 Yam twg siv tau thiab tsis tau.
- Mauj cai qhia txog chaw plob. Wisconsin muaj public land los yog chaw sawvdaws mus
 plob tau thiab nuv ntses. Tabsis, cov av ntau muaj tswv lwm, private property. Ceev faj
 sawvdaws hla tsis tau mus rau cov av muaj tswv, yog leejtwg tsis hmloog yuav raug
 plua, trespassing. Yog koj xav hla mus rau cov av muaj tswv, ua ntej koj yuav hla ntawd
 koj yuav tau thov ntawv hla ntawd tus tswv ntawd.

Peb muaj cov phau ntawv cai no txhua xyoo rau sawvdaws. Tsis tas li ntawd ib txhia cai hloov xyoo rau xyoo. Peb muaj hmoob txhais lus nyob hauv peb lub loom kam. Thov hu rau 1-888-WDNR INFO thiab saib hauv dnr.wi.gov. Hu rau hauv peb cov DNR Service Center los tau thiab.

Sawvdaws yuav tau paub ceev faj thiab ua raws li txoj cai. Thiab tau ua zoo rau txhua tus raws li no:

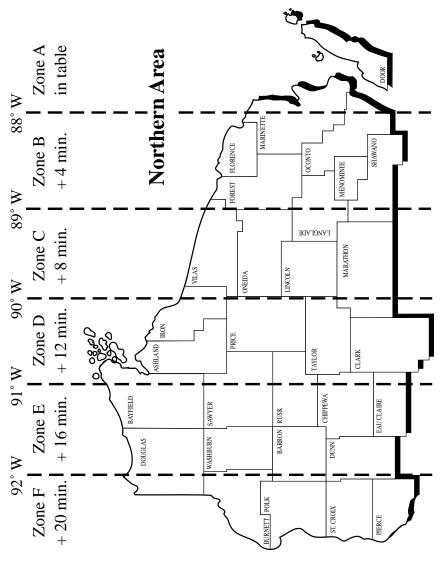
- Sib hu li phooj ywg.
- Paub cai thiab tsis txhob hla mus rau cov av muaj tswv yog koj tsis lus tso cai.
- Tsis txhob pov khib nyiab qhov twg thiab pov rau cov av muaj tswv.
- Tsis txhob tua phom thaib nuv ntses ze ze lwm tus. Sawvdaws yuav tau paub cai thiab sib tham kom to taub thiaj li tsis muaj teeb meem.
- Nkag siab thiab sawvdaws muaj cai ib yam nyob rau hauv cov public lands los yog cov av DNR tso cai.

Peb muaj ib txog cai hu tias Hunter Harrassment law, txog cai no pab tag nrho cov mus plob thiab nuv ntses. Lub sijhawm koj mus plob thiab nuv ntses yog muaj neeg tsim teeb meem thiab ua phem rau koj, thov hu rau 1-800-TIP WDNR. Thaum kawg no, thov caw sawvdaws pab txuag peb lub xeev Wisconsin thiab txhua yam tsiaj. Muaj sporting clubs los yog tej pab neeg qhia txog kev txhuag peb lub lav no. Yog leejtwg xav paub ntxiv thov hu tau rau peb cov DNR Service Center.

Archery and Firearm Deer Hunting Hours - Northern Area

No person shall hunt deer before or after the hunting hours listed in the table on page 51. 'Hunt' or 'hunting' includes shooting, shooting at, pursuing, taking, capturing, or killing or attempting to capture or kill any wild animal.

Calculating Hunting Hours: Determine your location in the Northern Area and add the minutes shown for the zone in which you are hunting to the opening and closing times listed in the Northern Area Hunting Hours table (page 51).



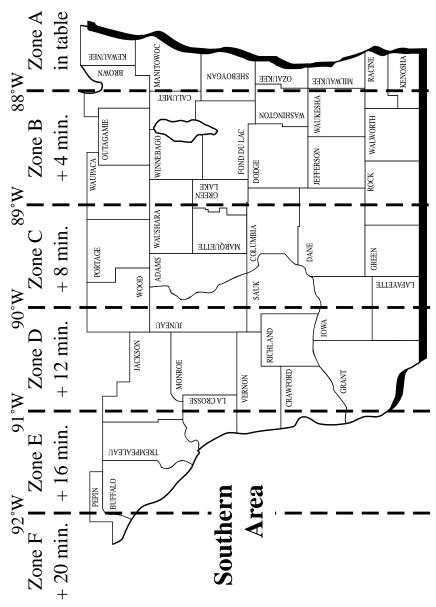
Northern Area Deer Hunting Hours 2012–2013: Zone A

но	URS S	HOW	N ARE	E 30 M	INUTI	ES BEI	FORE	SUNR	ISE A	ND 20	MINU	TES A	FTER	SUNS	ET.
	Sept.	2012	Oct.	2012	Nov.	2012	Dec.	2012	Jan.	2013	Feb.	2013	Mar.	2013	
Date	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Date
1	5:42	7:47	6:19	6:49	7:01	5:56	6:41	4:28	7:01	4:37	6:41	5:17	5:58	5:57	1
2	5:43	7:45	6:20	6:47	7:02	5:55	6:42	4:27	7:01	4:38	6:40	5:18	5:56	5:59	2
3	5:44	7:43	6:22	6:46	7:04	5:53	6:43	4:27	7:01	4:39	6:39	5:20	5:55	6:00	3
4	5:46	7:41	6:23	6:44	6:05	4:52	6:44	4:27	7:01	4:40	6:37	5:21	5:53	6:01	4
5	5:47	7:40	6:24	6:42	6:06	4:51	6:45	4:26	7:01	4:41	6:36	5:23	5:51	6:03	5
6	5:48	7:38	6:25	6:40	6:08	4:49	6:46	4:26	7:00	4:42	6:35	5:24	5:49	6:04	6
7	5:49	7:36	6:27	6:38	6:09	4:48	6:47	4:26	7:00	4:43	6:33	5:26	5:47	6:06	7
8	5:50	7:34	6:28	6:36	6:11	4:47	6:48	4:26	7:00	4:44	6:32	5:27	5:45	6:07	8
9	5:52	7:32	6:29	6:34	6:12	4:45	6:49	4:26	7:00	4:46	6:31	5:29	5:44	6:08	9
10	5:53	7:30	6:31	6:32	6:13	4:44	6:50	4:26	6:59	4:47	6:29	5:30	6:42	7:10	10
11	5:54	7:28	6:32	6:31	6:15	4:43	6:51	4:26	6:59	4:48	6:28	5:31	6:40	7:11	11
12	5:55	7:26	6:33	6:29	6:16	4:42	6:52	4:26	6:58	4:49	6:26	5:33	6:38	7:12	12
13	5:57	7:24	6:35	6:27	6:18	4:41	6:53	4:26	6:58	4:50	6:25	5:34	6:36	7:14	13
14	5:58	7:22	6:36	6:25	6:19	4:40	6:54	4:26	6:57	4:52	6:23	5:36	6:34	7:15	14
15	5:59	7:20	6:37	6:24	6:20	4:39	6:54	4:27	6:57	4:53	6:22	5:37	6:32	7:16	15
16	6:00	7:18	6:39	6:22	6:22	4:38	6:55	4:27	6:56	4:54	6:20	5:39	6:30	7:18	16
17	6:02	7:16	6:40	6:20	6:23	4:37	6:56	4:27	6:56	4:56	6:19	5:40	6:28	7:19	17
18	6:03	7:14	6:41	6:18	6:25	4:36	6:56	4:28	6:55	4:57	6:17	5:42	6:27	7:20	18
19	6:04	7:13	6:43	6:17	6:26	4:35	6:57	4:28	6:54	4:58	6:15	5:43	6:25	7:22	19
20	6:05	7:11	6:44	6:15	6:27	4:34	6:58	4:29	6:53	5:00	6:14	5:45	6:23	7:23	20
21	6:07	7:09	6:45	6:13	6:29	4:33	6:58	4:29	6:53	5:01	6:12	5:46	6:21	7:24	21
22	6:08	7:07	6:47	6:12	6:30	4:33	6:59	4:30	6:52	5:02	6:10	5:47	6:19	7:26	22
23	6:09	7:05	6:48	6:10	6:31	4:32	6:59	4:30	6:51	5:04	6:09	5:49	6:17	7:27	23
24	6:10	7:03	6:50	6:08	6:32	4:31	6:59	4:31	6:50	5:05	6:07	5:50	6:15	7:28	24
25	6:11	7:01	6:51	6:07	6:34	4:31	7:00	4:31	6:49	5:07	6:05	5:52	6:13	7:30	25
26	6:13	6:59	6:52	6:05	6:35	4:30	7:00	4:32	6:48	5:08	6:03	5:53	6:11	7:31	26
27	6:14	6:57	6:54	6:04	6:36	4:29	7:00	4:33	6:47	5:10	6:02	5:55	6:09	7:32	27
28	6:15	6:55	6:55	6:02	6:37	4:29	7:01	4:34	6:46	5:11	6:00	5:56	6:07	7:34	28
29	6:17	6:53	6:57	6:01	6:39	4:28	7:01	4:34	6:45	5:12			6:06	7:35	29
30	6:18	6:51	6:58	5:59	6:40	4:28	7:01	4:35	6:44	5:14			6:04	7:36	30
31			6:59	5:58			7:01	4:36	6:42	5:15			6:02	7:37	31

Archery and Firearm Deer Hunting Hours - Southern Area

No person shall hunt deer before or after the hunting hours listed in the table on page 53. 'Hunt' or 'hunting' includes shooting, shooting at, pursuing, taking, capturing, or killing or attempting to capture or kill any wild animal.

Calculating Hunting Hours: Determine your location in the Southern Area and add the minutes shown in the zone in which you are hunting to the opening and closing times listed for the Southern Area Hunting Hours table (page 53).



Southern Area Deer Hunting Hours 2012–2013: Zone A

		HOURS	SHOW	N ARE	30 MIN	UTES BI	EFORE	SUNRIS	E AND	20 MIN	UTES A	FTER S	UNSET.		
	Sept.	2012	Oct.	2012	Nov.	2012	Dec.	2012	Jan.	2013	Feb.	2013	Mar.	2013	
Date	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Date
1	5:45	7:46	6:19	6:51	6:58	6:01	6:35	4:35	6:55	4:45	6:37	5:22	5:57	6:00	1
2	5:46	7:44	6:20	6:49	6:59	6:00	6:36	4:35	6:55	4:46	6:36	5:24	5:55	6:01	2
3	5:47	7:42	6:21	6:47	7:00	5:58	6:37	4:34	6:55	4:47	6:35	5:25	5:54	6:02	3
4	5:48	7:40	6:23	6:46	6:01	4:57	6:38	4:34	6:55	4:48	6:34	5:26	5:52	6:04	4
5	5:50	7:38	6:24	6:44	6:03	4:56	6:39	4:34	6:55	4:49	6:33	5:28	5:50	6:05	5
6	5:51	7:37	6:25	6:42	6:04	4:55	6:40	4:34	6:54	4:50	6:31	5:29	5:49	6:06	6
7	5:52	7:35	6:26	6:40	6:05	4:53	6:41	4:34	6:54	4:51	6:30	5:31	5:47	6:08	7
8	5:53	7:33	6:27	6:39	6:07	4:52	6:42	4:34	6:54	4:52	6:29	5:32	5:45	6:09	8
9	5:54	7:31	6:29	6:37	6:08	4:51	6:43	4:34	6:54	4:53	6:28	5:33	5:43	6:10	9
10	5:55	7:29	6:30	6:35	6:09	4:50	6:44	4:34	6:54	4:54	6:26	5:35	6:42	7:11	10
11	5:56	7:28	6:31	6:33	6:11	4:49	6:45	4:34	6:53	4:55	6:25	5:36	6:40	7:13	11
12	5:57	7:26	6:32	6:32	6:12	4:48	6:46	4:34	6:53	4:56	6:24	5:37	6:38	7:14	12
13	5:59	7:24	6:33	6:30	6:13	4:47	6:47	4:34	6:52	4:58	6:22	5:39	6:36	7:15	13
14	6:00	7:22	6:35	6:28	6:15	4:46	6:47	4:34	6:52	4:59	6:21	5:40	6:34	7:16	14
15	6:01	7:20	6:36	6:27	6:16	4:45	6:48	4:35	6:51	5:00	6:19	5:41	6:33	7:18	15
16	6:02	7:18	6:37	6:25	6:17	4:44	6:49	4:35	6:51	5:01	6:18	5:43	6:31	7:19	16
17	6:03	7:17	6:38	6:23	6:18	4:43	6:49	4:35	6:50	5:02	6:16	5:44	6:29	7:20	17
18	6:04	7:15	6:40	6:22	6:20	4:42	6:50	4:36	6:50	5:04	6:15	5:45	6:27	7:21	18
19	6:05	7:13	6:41	6:20	6:21	4:42	6:51	4:36	6:49	5:05	6:13	5:47	6:25	7:22	19
20	6:06	7:11	6:42	6:19	6:22	4:41	6:51	4:36	6:48	5:06	6:12	5:48	6:24	7:24	20
21	6:08	7:09	6:43	6:17	6:24	4:40	6:52	4:37	6:48	5:08	6:10	5:49	6:22	7:25	21
22	6:09	7:07	6:45	6:15	6:25	4:39	6:52	4:37	6:47	5:09	6:09	5:51	6:20	7:26	22
23	6:10	7:06	6:46	6:14	6:26	4:39	6:53	4:38	6:46	5:10	6:07	5:52	6:18	7:27	23
24	6:11	7:04	6:47	6:12	6:27	4:38	6:53	4:39	6:45	5:11	6:05	5:53	6:16	7:28	24
25	6:12	7:02	6:48	6:11	6:28	4:37	6:53	4:39	6:44	5:13	6:04	5:55	6:15	7:30	25
26	6:13	7:00	6:50	6:09	6:30	4:37	6:54	4:40	6:43	5:14	6:02	5:56	6:13	7:31	26
27	6:14	6:58	6:51	6:08	6:31	4:36	6:54	4:41	6:42	5:16	6:00	5:57	6:11	7:32	27
28	6:16	6:56	6:52	6:06	6:32	4:36	6:54	4:41	6:42	5:17	5:59	5:59	6:09	7:33	28
29	6:17	6:55	6:54	6:05	6:33	4:36	6:54	4:42	6:41	5:18			6:07	7:34	29
30	6:18	6:53	6:55	6:04	6:34	4:35	6:55	4:43	6:39	5:20			6:06	7:36	30
31			6:56	6:02			6:55	4:44	6:38	5:21			6:04	7:37	31

Always Remember the Four Rules of Firearm Safety

- 1. Treat every gun as if it were loaded.
- 2. Always point the muzzle in a safe direction.
- 3. **B**e sure of your target and beyond.
- 4. \mathbf{K} eep your finger out of the trigger guard until you are ready to shoot.

Wild Hogs

European wild hogs and **Russian wild boars** are not common nor are they native to Wisconsin. These animals damage the environment, pose health risks to native wildlife and domestic livestock, and have been known to out-compete native wildlife for food and resources.

You may legally shoot a wild or feral hog year round if:

- you are a landowner with or without a hunting license and you see a wild hog on your property;
- 2. you have a small game license;
- 3. you have an archery license and are hunting with a bow; or
- 4. you have first contacted the DNR for verbal authorization and turn the hog over to the DNR if you do not have a small game license.

While deer hunting this year, please help the DNR address this potentially harmful non-native species. Please consider shooting any wild hogs you see while out in the field this fall and report any sightings to the local warden or wildlife manager. **Note:** An unconfined hog in the wild may not be a wild hog. It is your responsibility to know what you are shooting.

Ask First and Say Thanks!

Wisconsin landowners appreciate those people who ask permission to hunt and say thanks afterward. This builds important landowner-hunter trust. Remember, entering private lands without permission is illegal and creates a negative image for all hunters.

Questions?

Call the DNR Call Center toll-free at:

1-888-WDNR INFO (1-888-936-7463) • local 608-266-2621. Staff are available 7 days a week from 7:00 A.M. until 10:00 P.M.

Spanish and Hmong are spoken

dnr.wi.gov

General mailing address:

Department of Natural Resources P.O. Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707



Scan the QR Code (at left) with your Smartphone to access the DNR Call Center phone number



ON PUBLIC LANDS

LEAVE IMMEDIATELY when you come across a scene(s) resembling these:

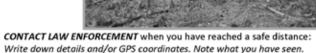


Look for

Watering jugs, chemical containers, gardening tools, makeshift structures, abnormal cuttings or clearings.









Call Local Law Enforcement

WI Department of Natural Resources 1-800-TIP-WDNR (800-847-9367)

1-800-NAB-DRUG (800-622-3784)

You can remain anonymous and may be eligible for a cash reward.



Support Ethical Responsible Hunting • Report Violations

CALL: 1-800-TIP-WDNR (1-800-847-9367; toll free) or #367 from your U.S. Cellular phone. Note: This is NOT an information number.

TEXT: Text a tip to TIP-411 (847-411), only available from 7 A.M. - 10 P.M.. Standard text rates apply.

EMAIL: LE.hotline@wisconsin.gov

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Becoming an Outdoors-Woman www.uwsp.eud/cnr/bow 715/346-4681 pfarrell@uwsp.edu



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Rocky Mountain Elk Foundation 5705 Grant Creek Road Missoula, Montana 59808 800-CALL ELK www.rmef.org



Whitetails Unlimited National Headquarters P.O. Box 720 Sturgeon Bay, WI 54235 920-743-6777

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The Department of Natural Resources is committed to serving people with disabilities. If you need this information in an alternative format, please call 608-266-8204.